

# Geospatial Data and Processing in Apache Projects

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# Geospatial in Apache Projects

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- Apache projects implementing geospatial
- Space, time, coordinates, grids,
- Geospatial APIs and Encoding standards
- Geospatial coordination activities

# ApacheCon Geospatial Tracks

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- ApacheCon Big Data 2016 – Vancouver
  - Geospatial track
  - Geospatial BoF
  - mailing list established: [geospatial@apache.org](mailto:geospatial@apache.org).
- ApacheCon Europe 2016 – Seville
  - Geospatial Track
- ApacheCon NA 2018 – Montreal
  - Geospatial Track today
  - Geospatial BoF – this evening

# Open Source Geospatial

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- Apache Projects in Geospatial Tracks 2016 & 2018
  - SIS, Calcite, Lucene, Solr, Marmotta ,  
Open Climate Workbench, SDAP, Druid, OFBiz
- Apache Projects extended for geospatial
  - Spark (GeoSpark\*), Accumulo (Geowave, Geomesa),  
Jena / Fuseki, UIMA (Baleen)
- Open source organizations focused on Geospatial
  - Location Tech, OS Geo
- Companies offering geospatial OS
  - MapD, Google, Esri, Bentley, Cesium, others



# Open Source and Open Standards

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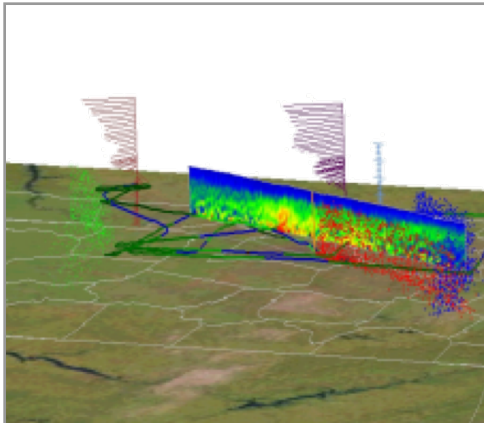
- Use of open consensus standards in OS:
  - Increases code quality
  - Reduce development effort
  - Stable and proven APIs and encodings for interoperability
  - Interchangeability of software components

# The OGC Mission



*Global forum of developers and users  
of spatial data products and services*

*Open international standards for  
geospatial interoperability.*



Source: Space Time Toolkit



Source: One Geology



Source: 3d Stadtmodell Berlin

# 900 implementing products

The image displays a collage of OGC Certified Compliant logos for various software products. Each logo features the text "CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT" and the OGC logo (three blue hexagons). Below the logo, the product name and version are listed, along with the certification validity date (2013-07-16).

- TECNOGEO S.L.**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
- Esri**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
  - Certification Valid: 2013-07-16
  - ArcGIS for Server 10.1
    - WCS 1.0.0
    - WFS 1.0.0
    - WMS 1.1.1
    - WMS 1.3.0
- Autodesk, Inc.**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
  - Certification Valid: 2013-07-16
  - Autodesk In
    - WCS 1.0.0
    - WFS 1.0.0
    - WMS 1.1.1
    - WMS 1.3.0
- Oracle USA**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
  - Certification Valid: 2013-07-16
  - Oracle Spatial, 11g Release 1 11.1.0.7
    - WFS (T) 1.0.0
    - SFS (TF) 1.1
    - WFS 1.0.0
- cadcorp (Computer Aided Development Corp.) Ltd.**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
  - Certification Valid: 2013-07-16
  - cadcorp SF, CTS and GC
    - apSIS 1.0
    - CT (OLE/CO
    - GC 1.0
    - SFO 1.1
- Tercera Fase Software S.L.U.**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
  - Certification Valid: 2013-07-16
  - unoGIS 2.0
    - WFS 1.0.0
    - WFS 1.1.0
    - WMS 1.1.1
    - WMS 1.3.0
- Carmenta AB**
  - CERTIFIED OGC COMPLIANT
  - Certification Valid: 2013-07-16
  - Carmenta Server 4.1.1
    - CAT CSW 2.0.2
    - WCS 1.1.1
    - WFS 1.1.0
    - WMC 1.1
    - WMS 1.1.1
    - WMS 1.3.0



# **GEOSPATIAL APIS AND ENCODING STANDARDS**

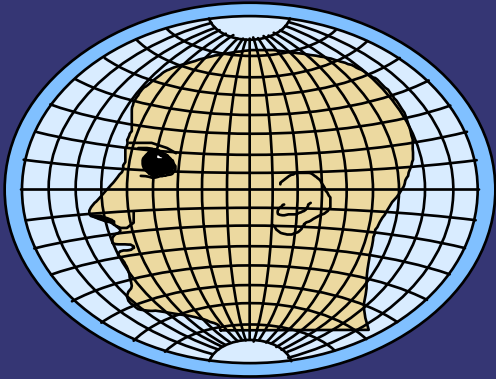
# In the beginning...



**All was simple, everyone agreed:  
the world was flat.**

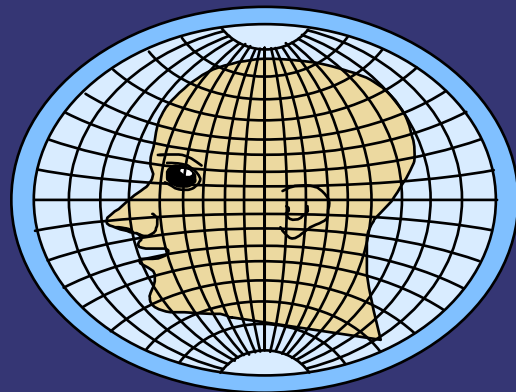
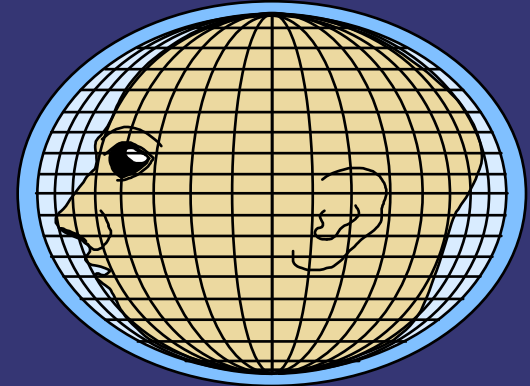


# Forcing the Earth to appear flat requires suboptimal choices



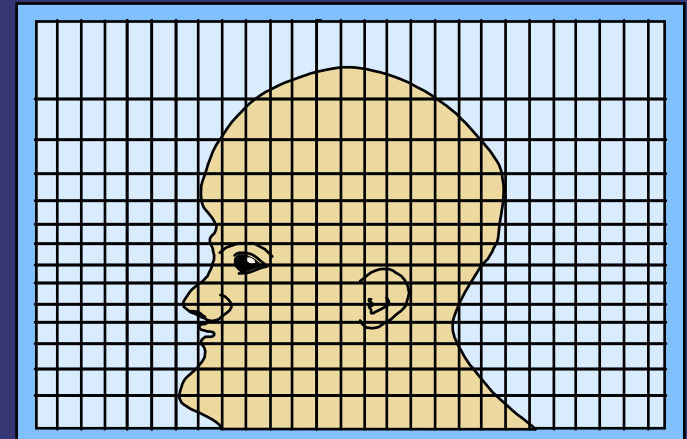
Globular  
projection

Orthographic  
projection



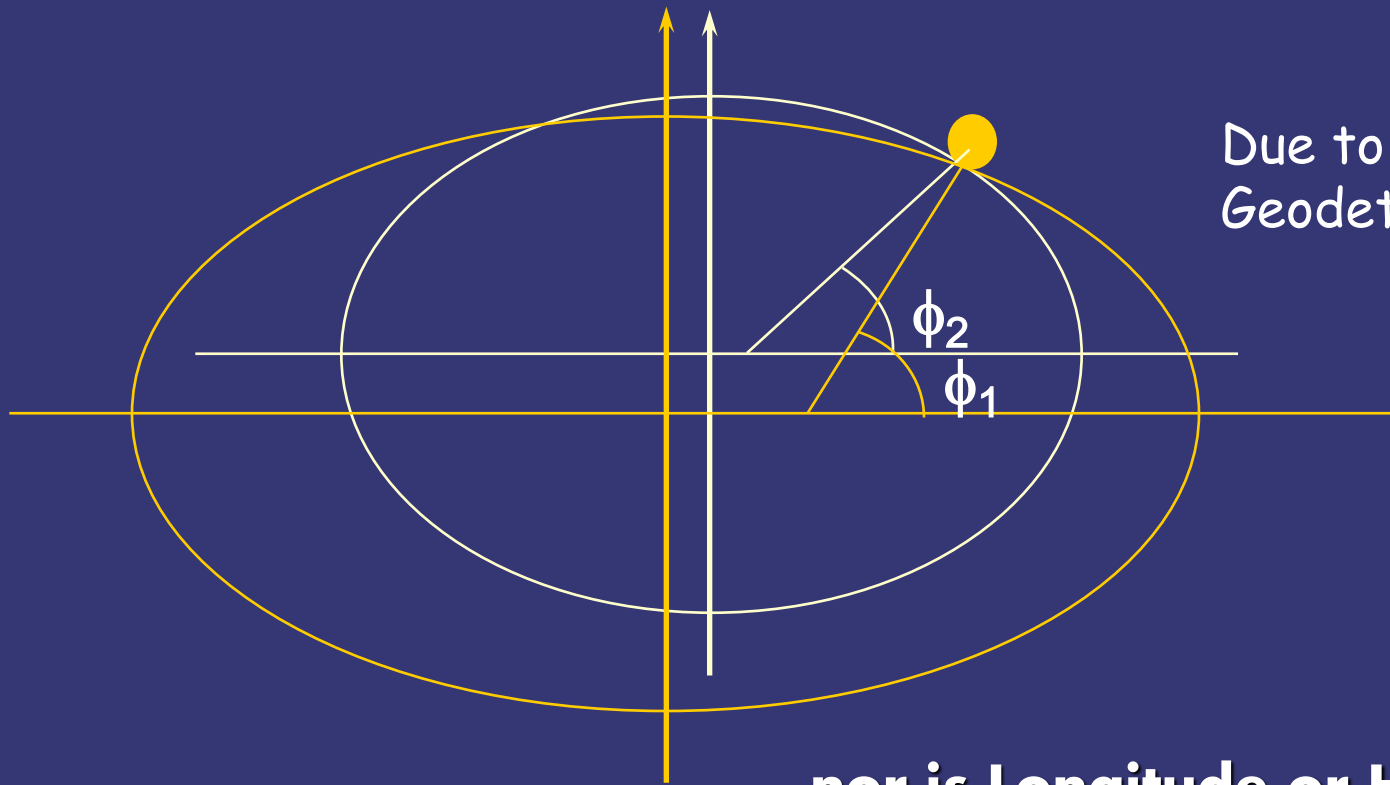
Stereographic  
projection

Mercator  
projection





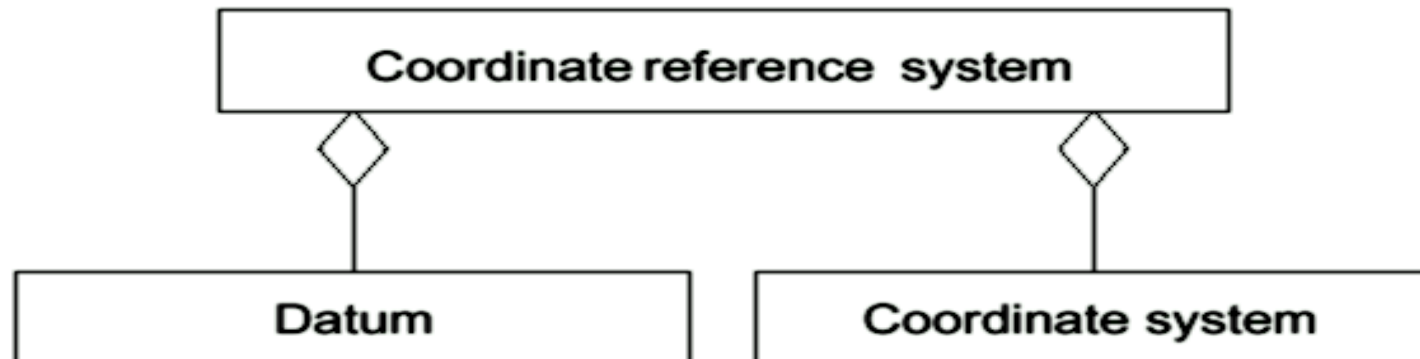
# The world is sort-of a sphere So, latitude is not unique



Due to different  
Geodetic Datums:  
 $\phi_1 \neq \phi_2$

**...nor is Longitude or Height unique**

# Coordinate Reference Systems



- **Coordinate**
  - one of a sequence of N numbers designating the position of a point in N-dimensional space
- **Coordinate Systems**
  - Cartesian 2D and 3D
  - Spherical (3D), Polar (2D)
  - Cylindrical
  - Linear - along a path
  - Ellipsoidal
- **Coordinate Reference System**
  - coordinate system related to real world by a datum
- **Examples**
  - Geographic
  - Geocentric
  - Vertical
  - Engineering
  - Image
  - Temporal
  - Derived CRS, e.g., projections

# CRS implementation is confused, but its getting better

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- Problems:
  - CRS was not specified
  - CRS was specified but axis order was confused
- Sources:
  - Original ISO/OGC CRS WKT specification
    - Did not define axis order
    - Mutated in the field to deal with other problems
  - People ignored CRS definitions
- Imminent release of **OGC CRS WKT 2.0.1**
  - “**Well known text representation of coordinate reference systems**”
  - Release for Public RFC after updating to 18-010rx

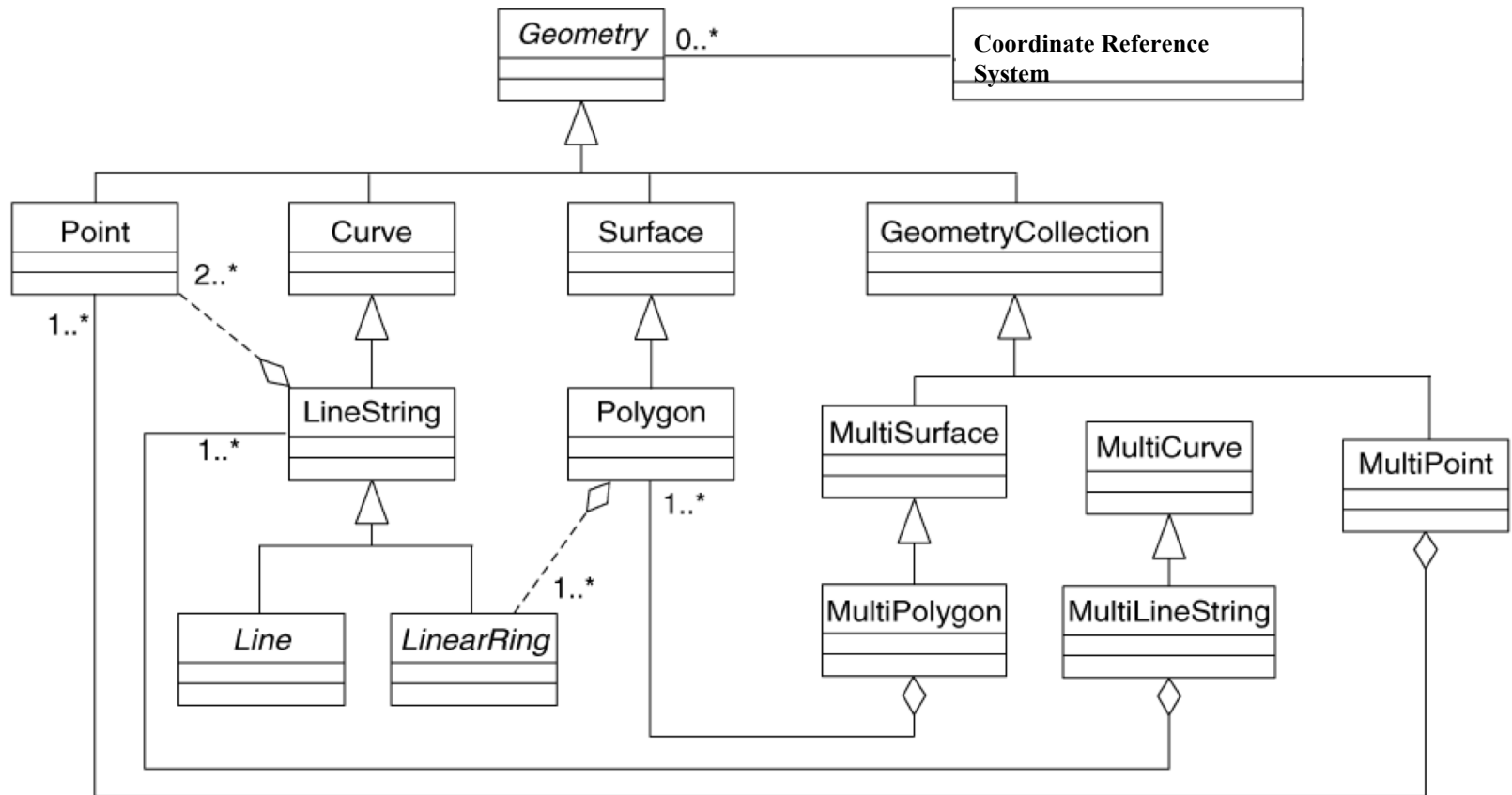
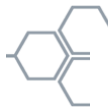
# CRS WKT EXAMPLE: Dynamic CRS , ellipsoidal 3D coordinate system

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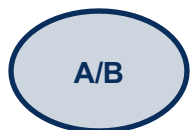
```
GEOGCRS ["WGS 84 (G1762)",  
  DYNAMIC [FRAMEEPOCH [2005.0]],  
  TRF ["World Geodetic System 1984 (G1762)",  
    ELLIPSOID ["WGS84", 6378137, 298.257223563, LENGTHUNIT ["metre", 1.0]]],  
  CS [ellipsoidal, 3],  
    AXIS ["(lat)", north, ANGLEUNIT ["degree", 0.0174532925199433]],  
    AXIS ["(lon)", east, ANGLEUNIT ["degree", 0.0174532925199433]],  
    AXIS ["ellipsoidal height (h)", up, LENGTHUNIT ["metre", 1.0]]  
  ID ["EPSG", 4269],  
  REMARK ["1986 realisation"]
```

# Simple Feature: Geometries

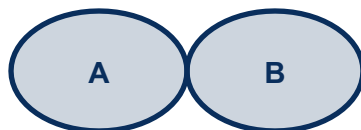


OGC simple features geometries restricted to 0, 1 and 2-dimensional geometric objects that exist in 2-dimensional coordinate space (R<sup>2</sup>)

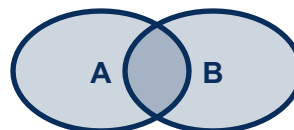
# Simple Features: Relations



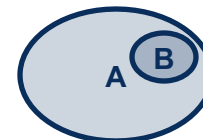
**Equals**



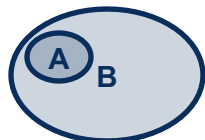
**Touches**



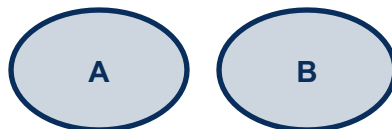
**Overlaps**



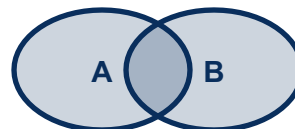
**Contains**



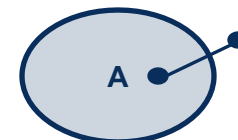
**Within**



**Disjoint**



**Intersects**



**Crosses**

Defined in Simple Features Access

<http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/sfa>

Also defined in GeoSPARQL

<http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/geosparql>



# GeoSPARQL for Geo Relations



```
ogcf:relate(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral, geom2: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
            patternMatrix: xsd:string): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfEquals(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
              geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfDisjoint(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
                 geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfIntersects(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
                   geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfTouches(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
                geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

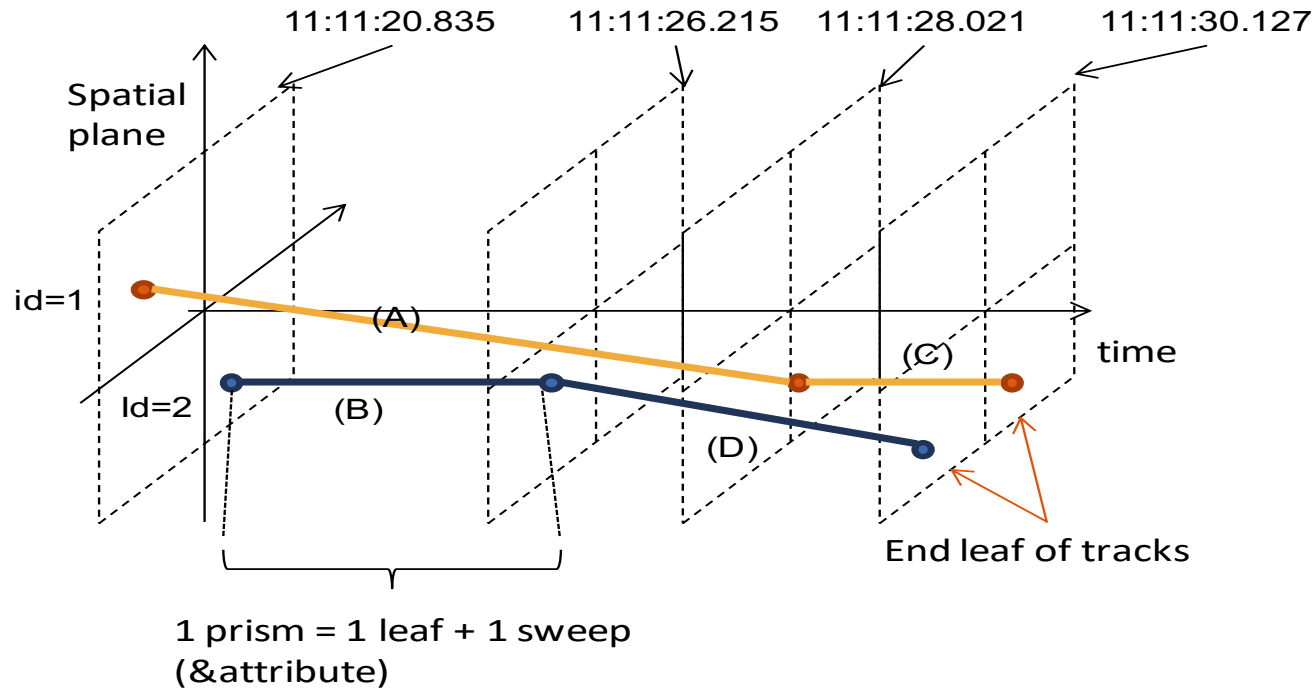
```
ogcf:sfCrosses(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
                geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfWithin(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
               geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfContains(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
                 geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

```
ogcf:sfOverlaps(geom1: ogc:WKTLiteral,  
                  geom2: ogcf:WKTLiteral): xsd:boolean
```

# Spatial Temporal Geometry



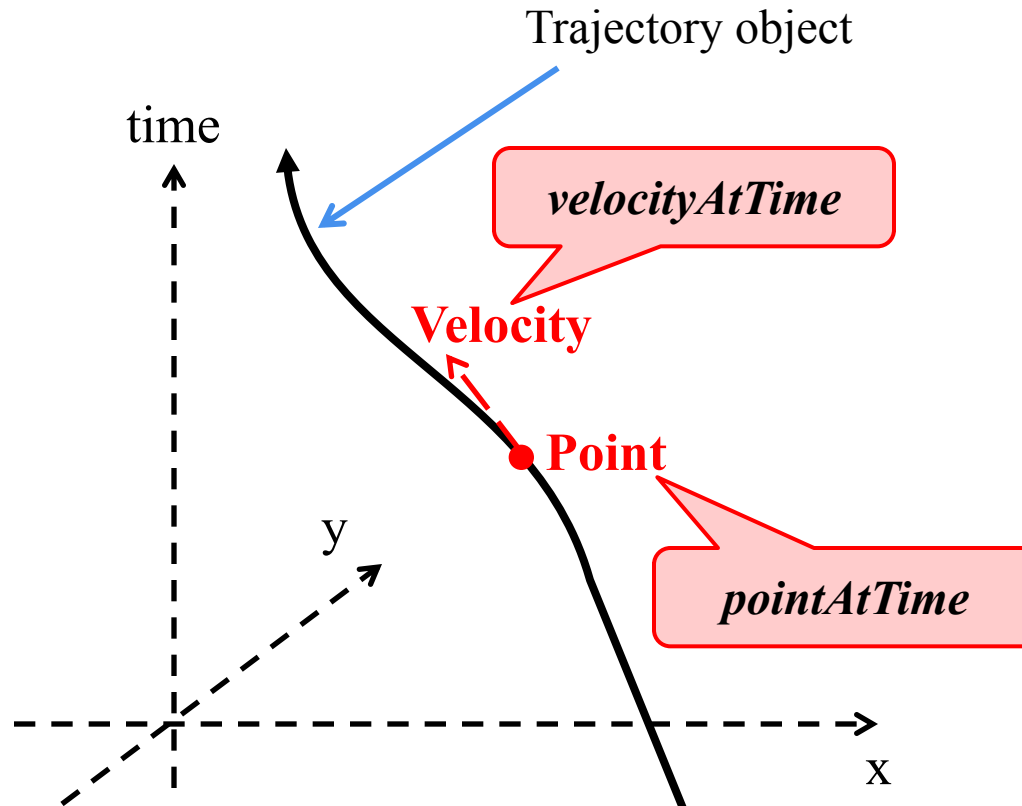
## OGC Moving Features Standard

# Moving Feature Access - Type A



## Retrieval of a feature attribute

For example, these operations retrieve positions and velocities of a moving feature such as a car, a person, a vessel, an aircraft, and a hurricane.

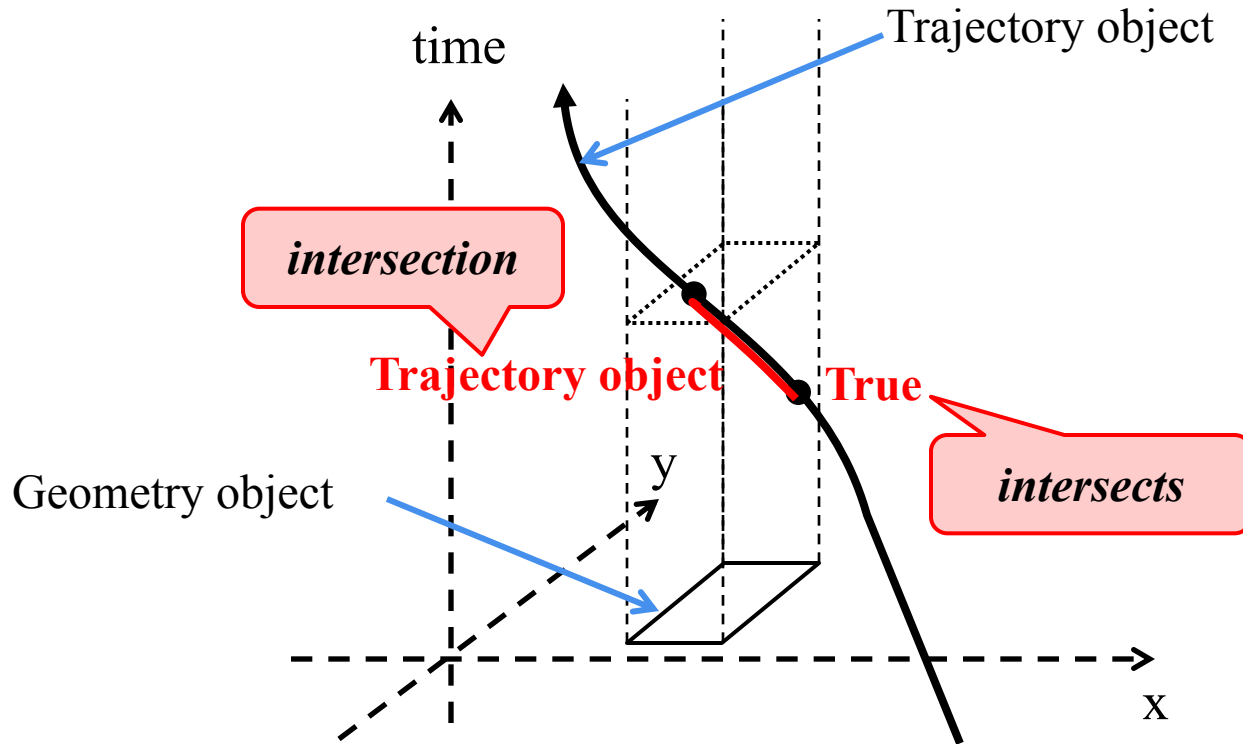


# Moving Feature Access – Type B



## Operations between one trajectory object and one or more geometry objects

An example is “intersection” between a geometry object and a trajectory of a moving feature like a car, a person, a vessel, an aircraft, and a hurricane.

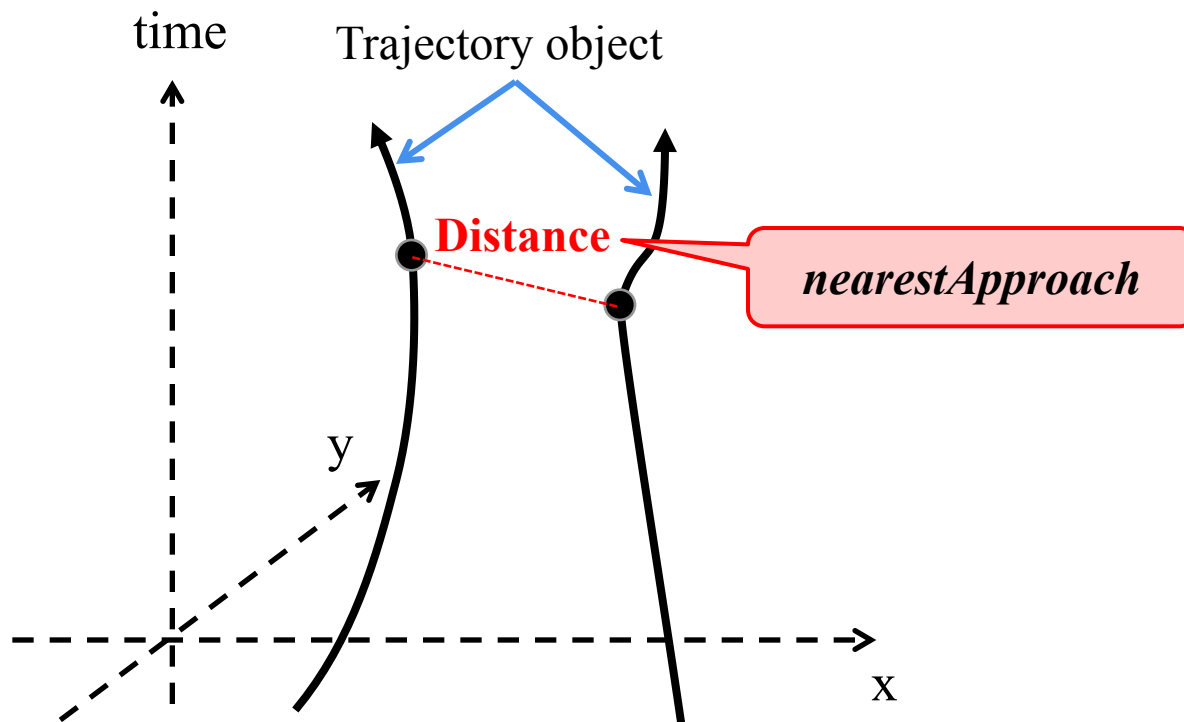


# Moving Feature Access - Type C



## Operations between two trajectory objects

An example is to calculate a distance of the nearest approach of a trajectory to another trajectory.



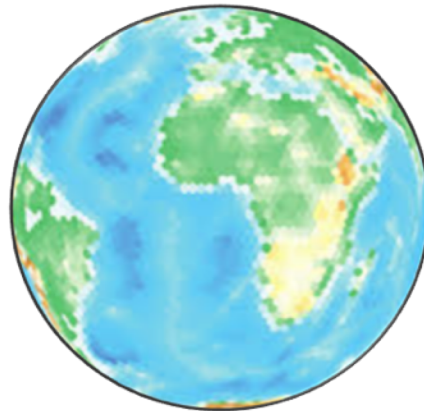
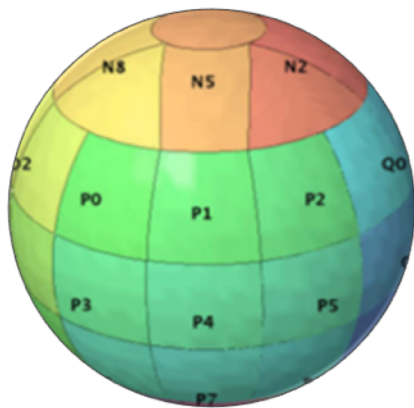
# Discrete Global Grid Systems



“...a *spatial reference system* that uses a *hierarchical tessellation of cells* to partition and *address the globe*.

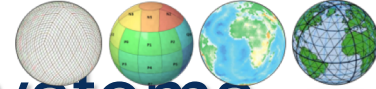
DGGS are characterized by the properties of their cell structure, geo-encoding, quantization strategy and associated mathematical functions.”

– OGC DGGS Candidate Standard

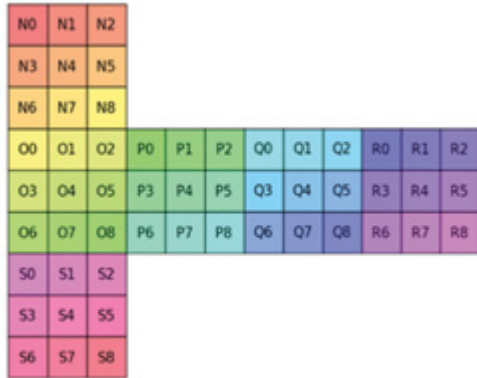




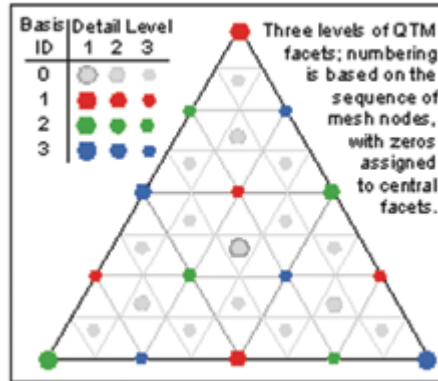
# Standardising Discrete Global Grid Systems



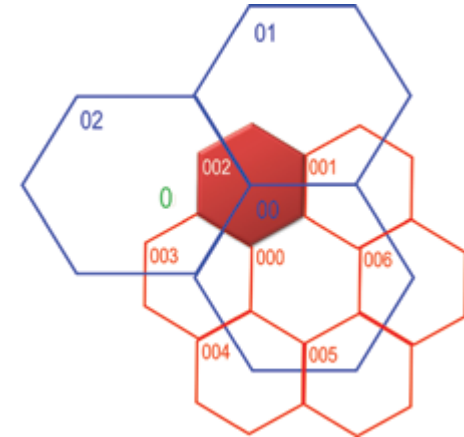
## Different Cell Shapes



Square = Familiar



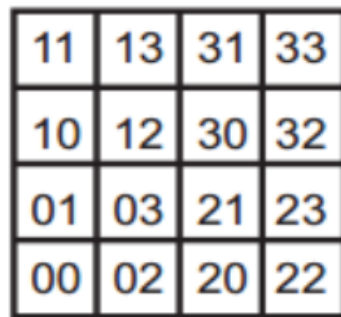
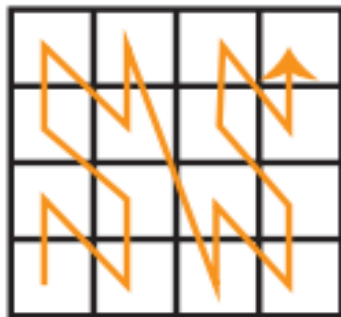
Triangular = Fast



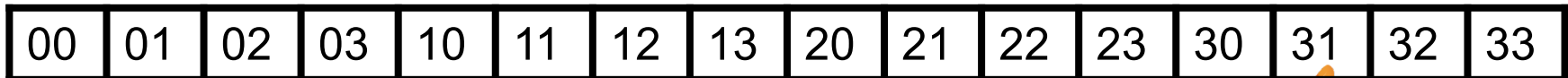
Hexagonal = Fineness of Fit

## Unique Cell Indices

- Hierarchy-based, Space-filling Curve, Axes-based or Encoded Address*



nD Spatial Analyses  
↓  
1D Array Processes



# Geospatial APIs and Encoding standards



**Geospatial APIs and Encoding**

**Geographic  
Features**

**Images &  
Observations**

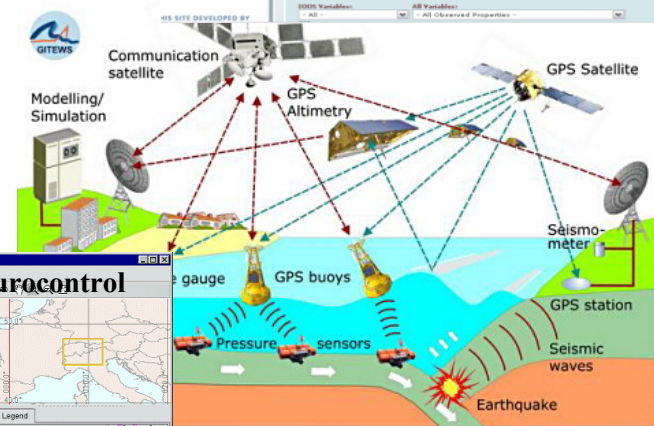
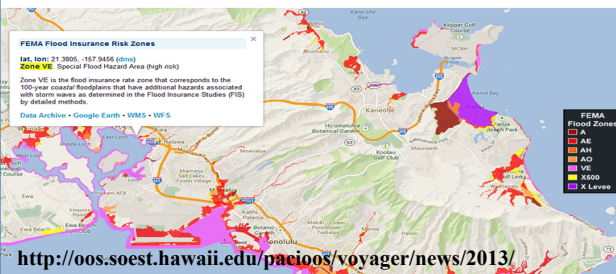
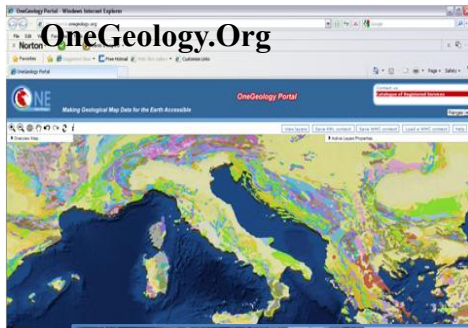
**Semantics  
& Quality**

**Space, Time and Geometry**

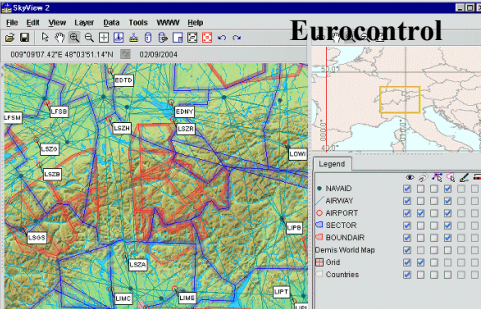
# 1000s of Services, 100Ks Datasets Worldwide Implement OGC Standards



**Web Map Service (WMS)**  
**Web Map Tile Service (WMTS)**  
**Web Feature Service (WFS)**  
**Web Coverage Service (WCS)**  
**KML, GML, GeoPackage**  
**GeoTIFF, NetCDF, HDF**



**Emergency /  
Disaster  
Management**



**Meteorology, Hydrology,  
Ocean Monitoring**

**Aviation Flight Information / Safety**

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5. **Namespaces**
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# Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices

W3C Working Group Note 11 May 2017

**This version:**

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2017/NOTE-sdw-bp-20170511/>

**Latest published version:**

<https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp/>

**Latest editor's draft:**

<https://w3c.github.io/sdw/bp/>

**Previous version:**

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2017/NOTE-sdw-bp-20170330/>

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# OGC/W3C Spatial Data on the Web

## Best Practice summary

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### Web principles for spatial data

- [Use globally unique persistent HTTP URIs for spatial things](#)
- [Make your spatial data indexable by search engines](#)
- [Link resources together to create the Web of data](#)

### Key spatial aspects

- [Use spatial data encodings that match your target audience](#)
- [Provide geometries on the Web in a usable way](#)
- [Provide geometries on the Web at the right level of accuracy, precision, and size](#)
- [Choose coordinate reference systems to suit your user's applications](#)
- [State how coordinate values are encoded](#)
- [Describe relative positioning](#)

### Access

- [Use appropriate relation types to link Spatial Things](#)
- [Provide information on the changing nature of spatial things](#)
- [Expose spatial data through 'convenience APIs'](#)

### Metadata

- [Include spatial metadata in dataset metadata](#)
- [Describe the positional accuracy of spatial data](#)



# Access to Geospatial Resources: WFS 3.0



Table 1. Overview of resources, applicable HTTP methods and links to the document sections

| Resource                     | Path                            | HTTP method | Document reference                                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Landing page                 | /                               | GET         | <a href="#">7.2 API landing page</a>                   |
| API definition               | /api                            | GET         | <a href="#">7.3 API definition</a>                     |
| Conformance classes          | /conformance                    | GET         | <a href="#">7.4 Declaration of conformance classes</a> |
| Feature collections metadata | /collections                    | GET         | <a href="#">7.11 Feature collections metadata</a>      |
| Feature collection metadata  | /collections/{name}             | GET         | <a href="#">7.12 Feature collection metadata</a>       |
| Feature collection           | /collections/{name}/items       | GET         | <a href="#">7.13 Feature collections</a>               |
| Feature                      | /collections/{name}/items/{fid} | GET         | <a href="#">7.14 Feature</a>                           |

information about the API

a dataset with a sub-division into named collections of features

the features

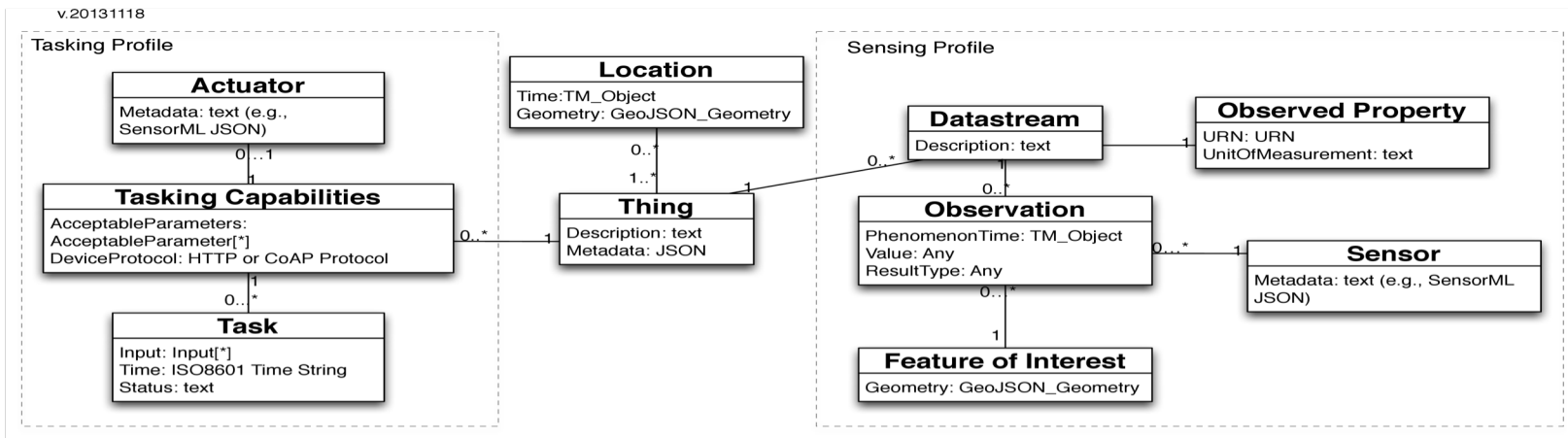
[https://cdn.rawgit.com/opengeospatial/WFS\\_FES/3.0.0-draft.1/docs/17-069.html#tldnr](https://cdn.rawgit.com/opengeospatial/WFS_FES/3.0.0-draft.1/docs/17-069.html#tldnr)

Only the feature resources are specific to a “feature service”



# OGC SensorThings for IoT

- Accessing observations from Internet of Things
- Builds on OGC Sensor Web Enablement (SWE) standards that are operational around the world
- Builds on Web protocols; easy-to-use RESTful style
- MQTT for pub/sub



<http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/sensorthings>

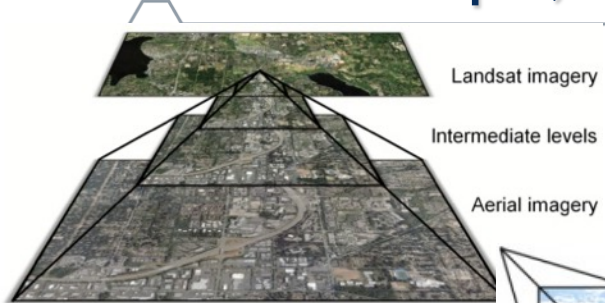
# GeoPackage



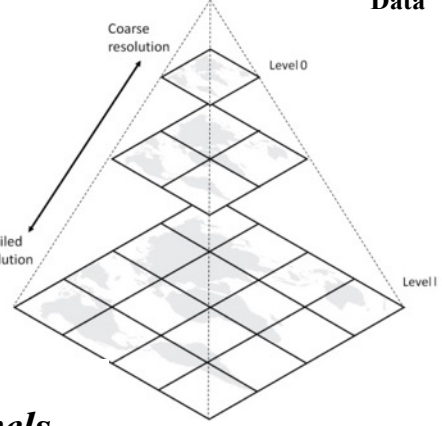
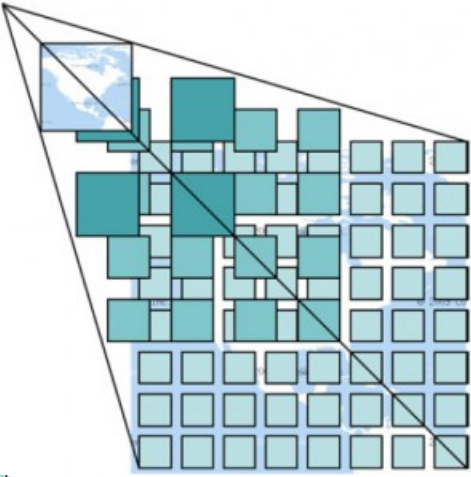
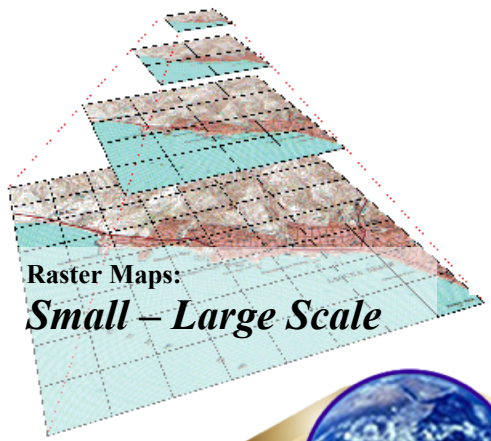
- GeoPackage is a universal file format for geodata.
  - open, standards-based, application and platform independent, and self-describing.
  - Works on any desktop or mobile OS
  - *Connected / limited / disconnected environment use*
- GeoPackage - the modern alternative to formats like GeoTIFF, SDTS and vendor specific
- *Experience it here:*  
<http://www.ogcnetwork.net/geopackage>



# GeoPackage: Raster Maps, Images and Feature Data in One File



Imagery  
*Low – High Resolution*



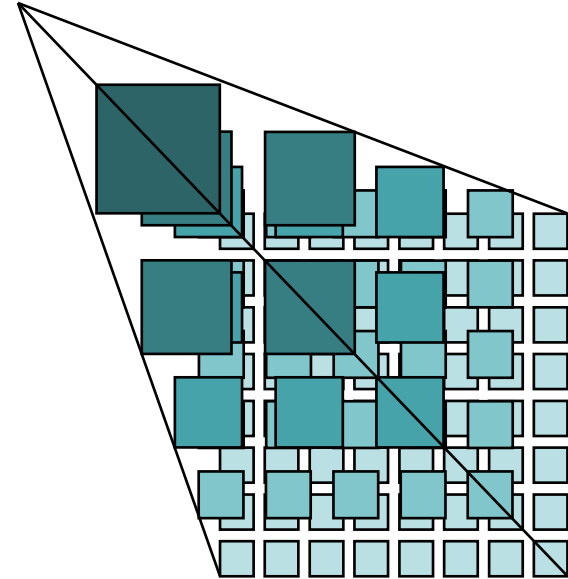
Single File Sqlite Database  
*containing all data for direct-use on mobile platforms & handheld devices*



# OGC Tile Matrix Set Standard



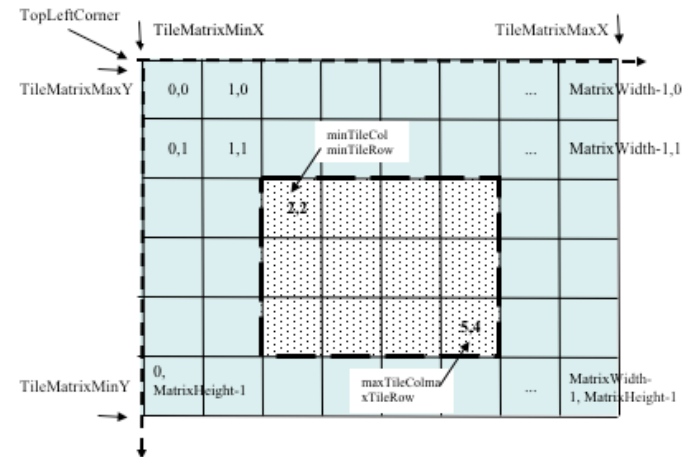
- Indexes space as regular grids with scales in a CRS
- JSON and XML encodings
- For global projections and specific regions.



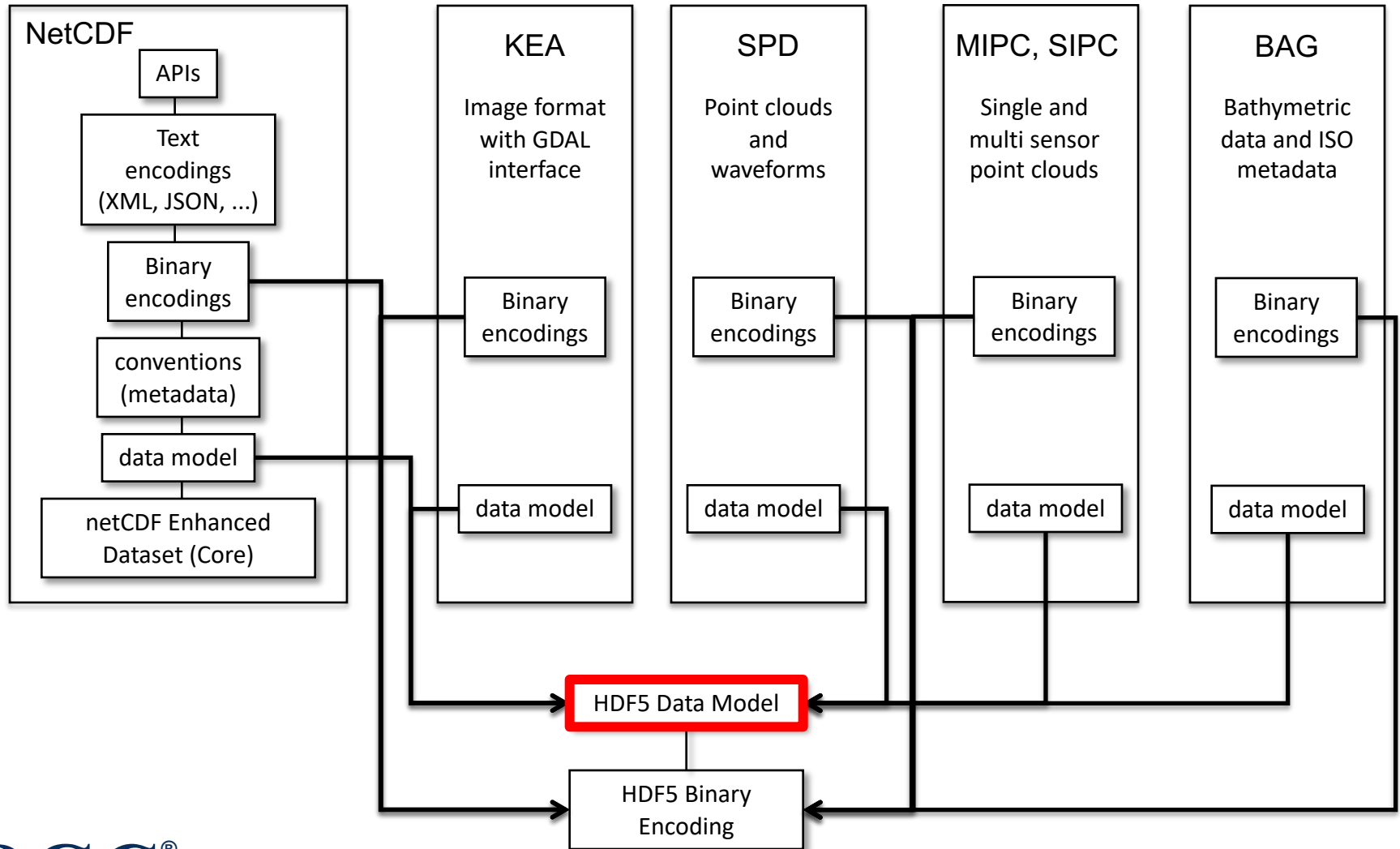
Tile Matrix Set originally defined in WMTS

- Being finalized as a stand alone spec
- Reuse in several standards, e.g., GeoPackage

Example of OGC Building Block approach



# HDF, NetCDF, other large data formats





# 3D Geospatial Visualization



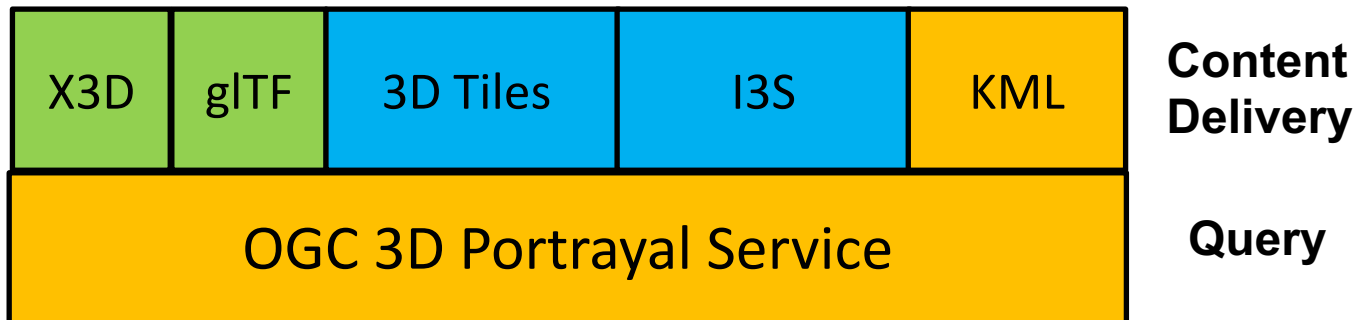
Berlin with 3D and Textures for Visualization



New York City portrayal of attributes



The approach: Support multiple 3D data formats



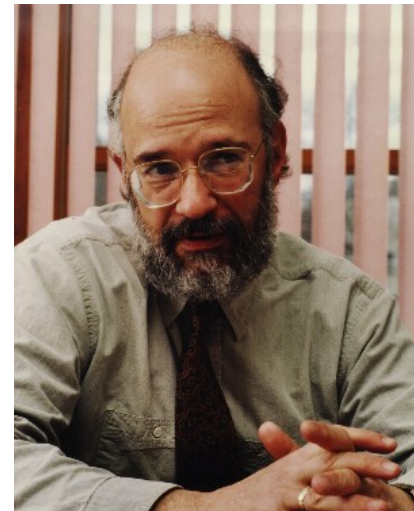


# **ACTIVITIES FOR GEOSPATIAL COORDINATION**



*“Interoperability seems to be about the integration of information. What it’s really about is the coordination of organizational behavior.”*

*David Schell  
Chairman (Emeritus)  
and Founder OGC*





# Geospatial and ASF

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- Apache Big Data 2016 – Vancouver
  - geospatial session
  - Geospatial BoF
  - mailing list established: [geospatial@apache.org](mailto:geospatial@apache.org).
- Apache Europe 2016 - Seville
  - Geospatial Track
- ApacheCon NA 2018 - Montreal
  - Geospatial Track today
  - Geospatial BoF – this evening
- Where to?

# Geospatial Track at ApacheCon NA

## September, 2018

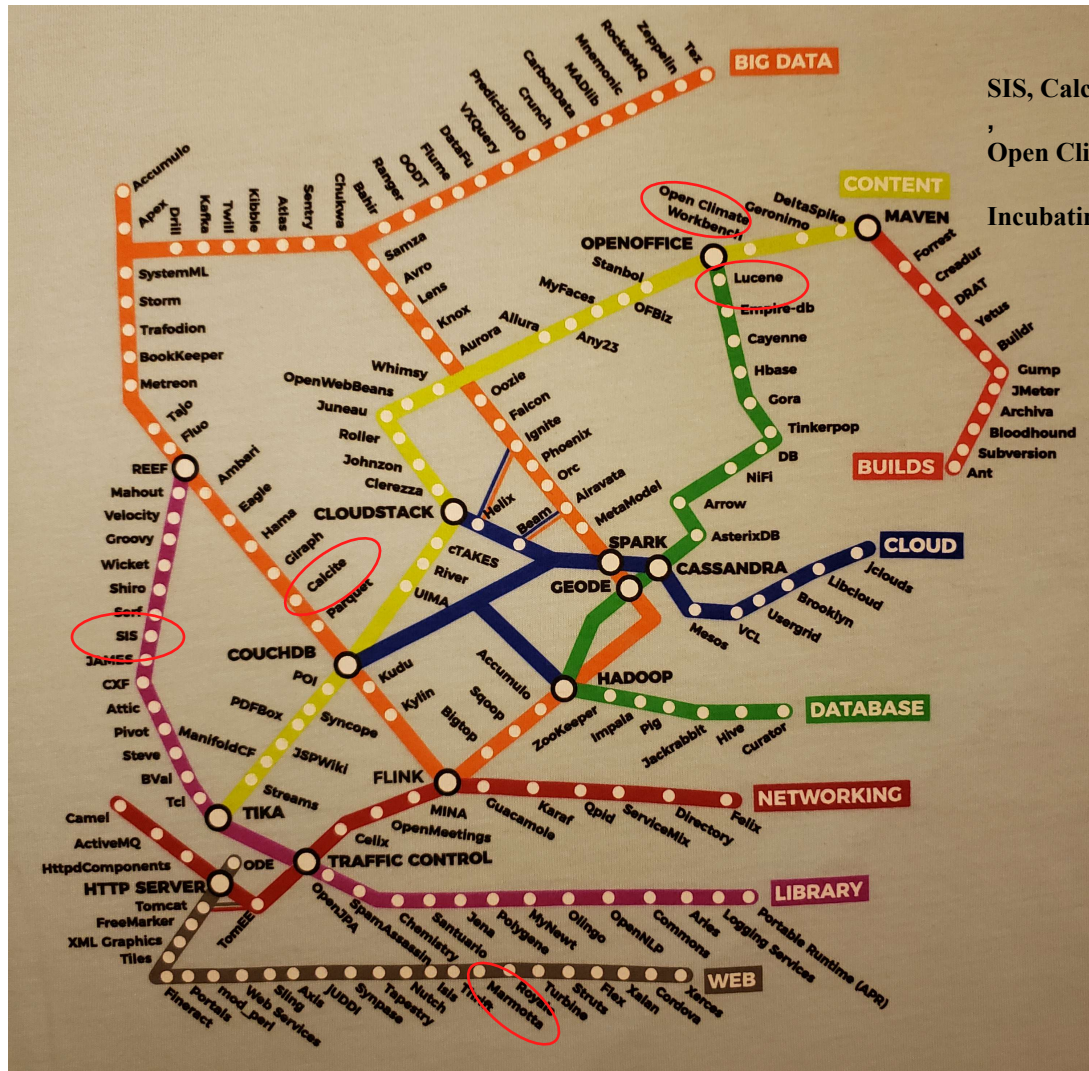
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- Which geospatial API for the cloud?
  - Martin Desruisseaux
- Spatial index optimization using Lucene index and GIS query support
  - Jinchul Kim, Navis
- Spatial query on vanilla databases – Apache Calcite
  - Julian Hyde
- Interacting with Billions of National Water Model (NWM) Predictions using Apache Kafka and MapD
  - Aaron Williams, Ben Lewis MapD
- Apache Spark MLib applied to geospatial imagery for flood indication
  - Tom Landry, CRIM
- Geospatial data and processing in Apache projects
  - George Percivall

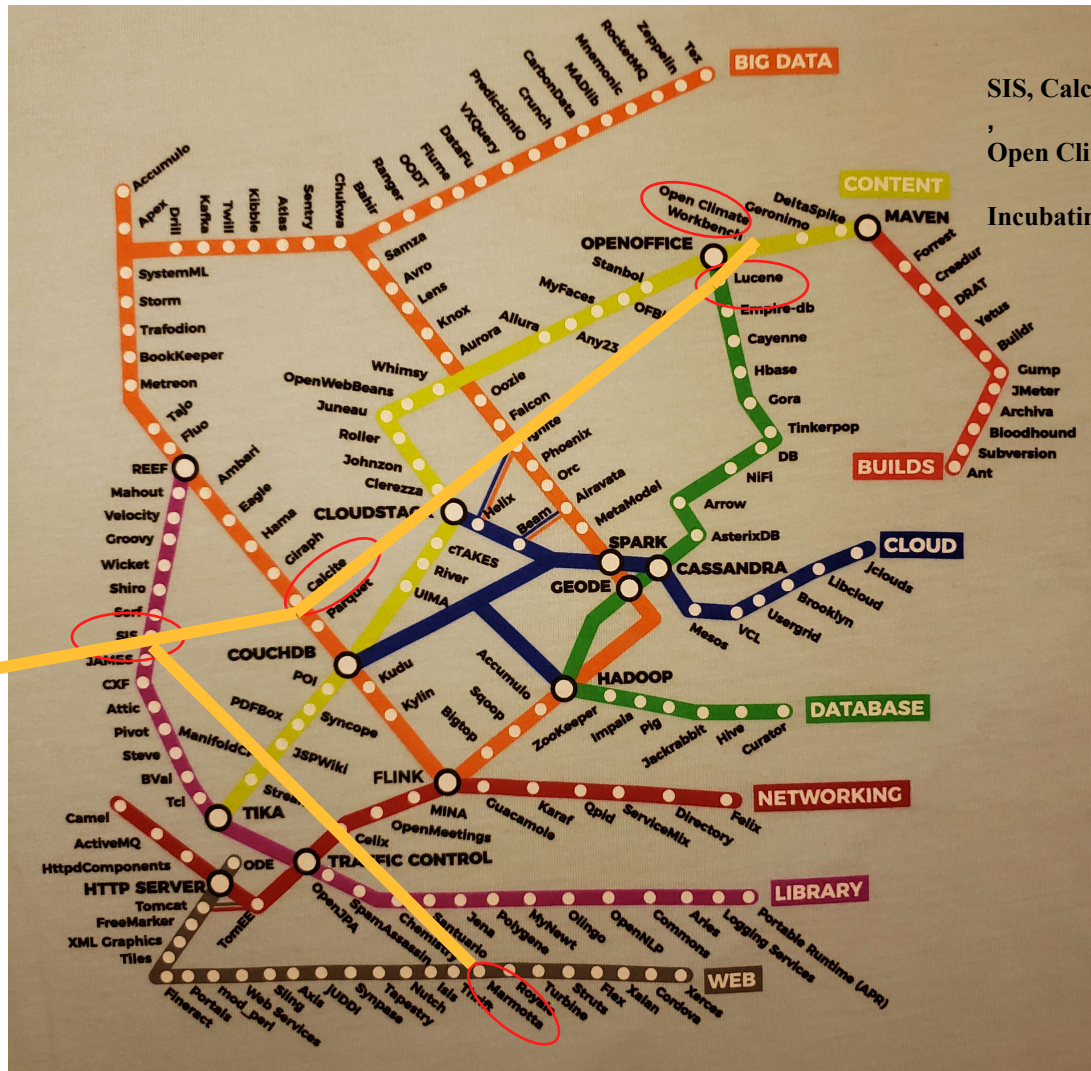


# Apache Topology T-Shirt



SIS, Calcite, Lucene/Solr, Marmotta  
,  
Open Climate Workbench  
Incubating: Druid, SDAP

# Apache Topology with Geospatial



SIS, Calcite, Lucene/Solr, Marmotta  
, Open Climate Workbench  
Incubating: Druid, SDAP

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# Geospatial Coordination

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- Apache Project actions
  - Add “geospatial” as Category in your project’s DOAP file
  - Identify someone from your project to join [geospatial@apache](mailto:geospatial@apache)
- [geospatial@apache.org](mailto:geospatial@apache.org)
  - Geospatial events announcements
  - Communicate new geospatial standards
- Promote your Project if it implements OGC standards
  - <http://www.opengeospatial.org/resource/products/registration>
  - Reference implementations
- Co-locate Apache Roadshow at an OGC TC Meeting
- Apache VP for OGC relations