

YARN 3.1 and Beyond !

Naganarasimha

ApacheCon

Naganarasimha GR

- Apache Hadoop PMC
- Contributing since 5 years
- Senior BigData Architect @ Standard Chartered Bank SG
- Contributed in key YARN features
 - Node attributes
 - ATS V2

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We employ more than 86,000 people around the world



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More than 150 years in business

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2

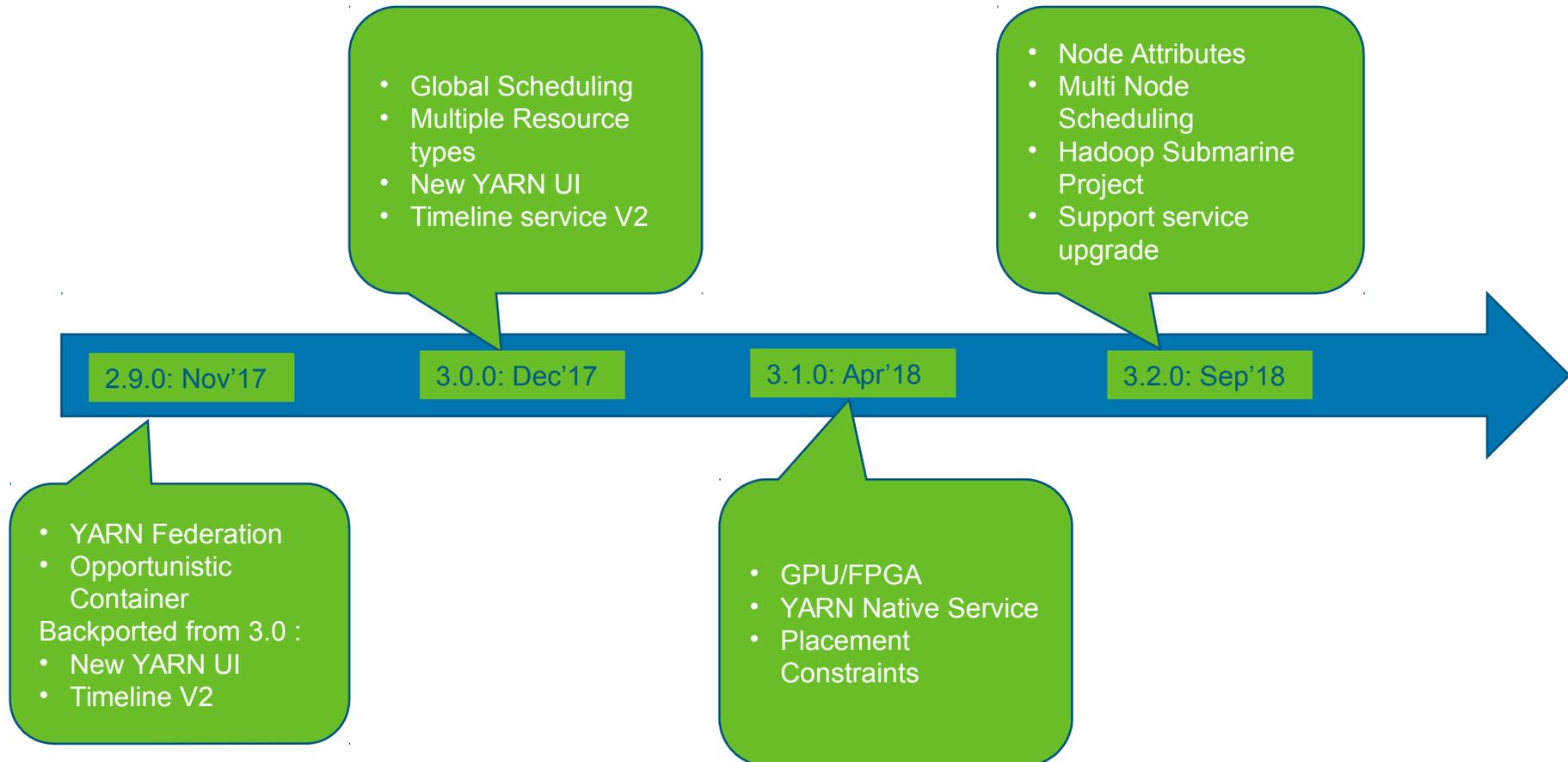
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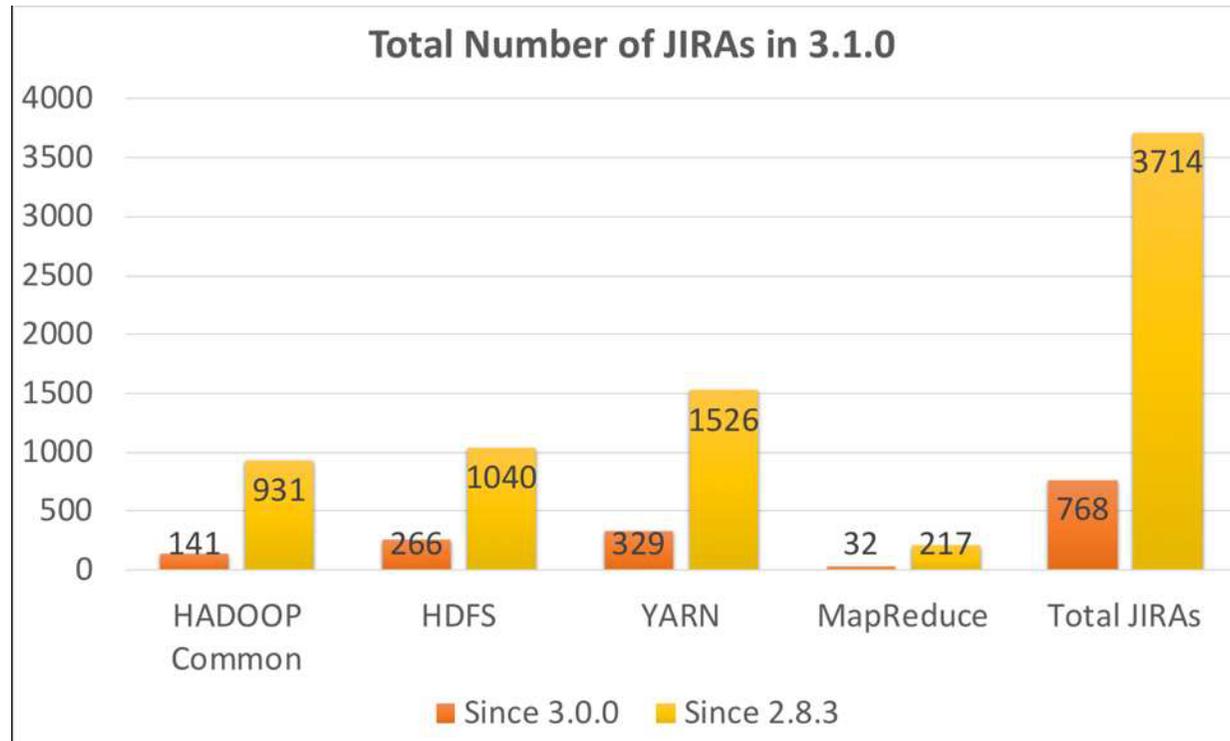
- Introduction
- Present
- Upcoming

Introduction

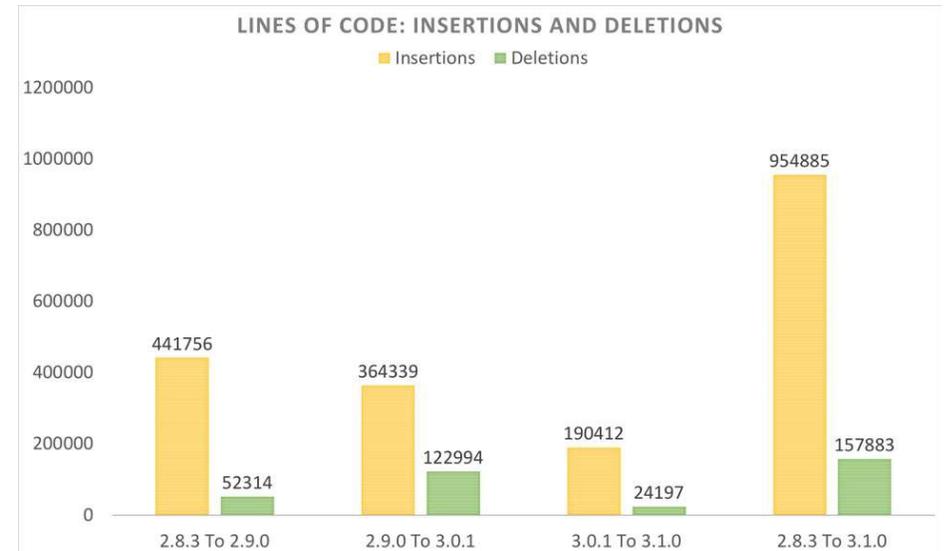
A brief timeline of Hadoop Releases:



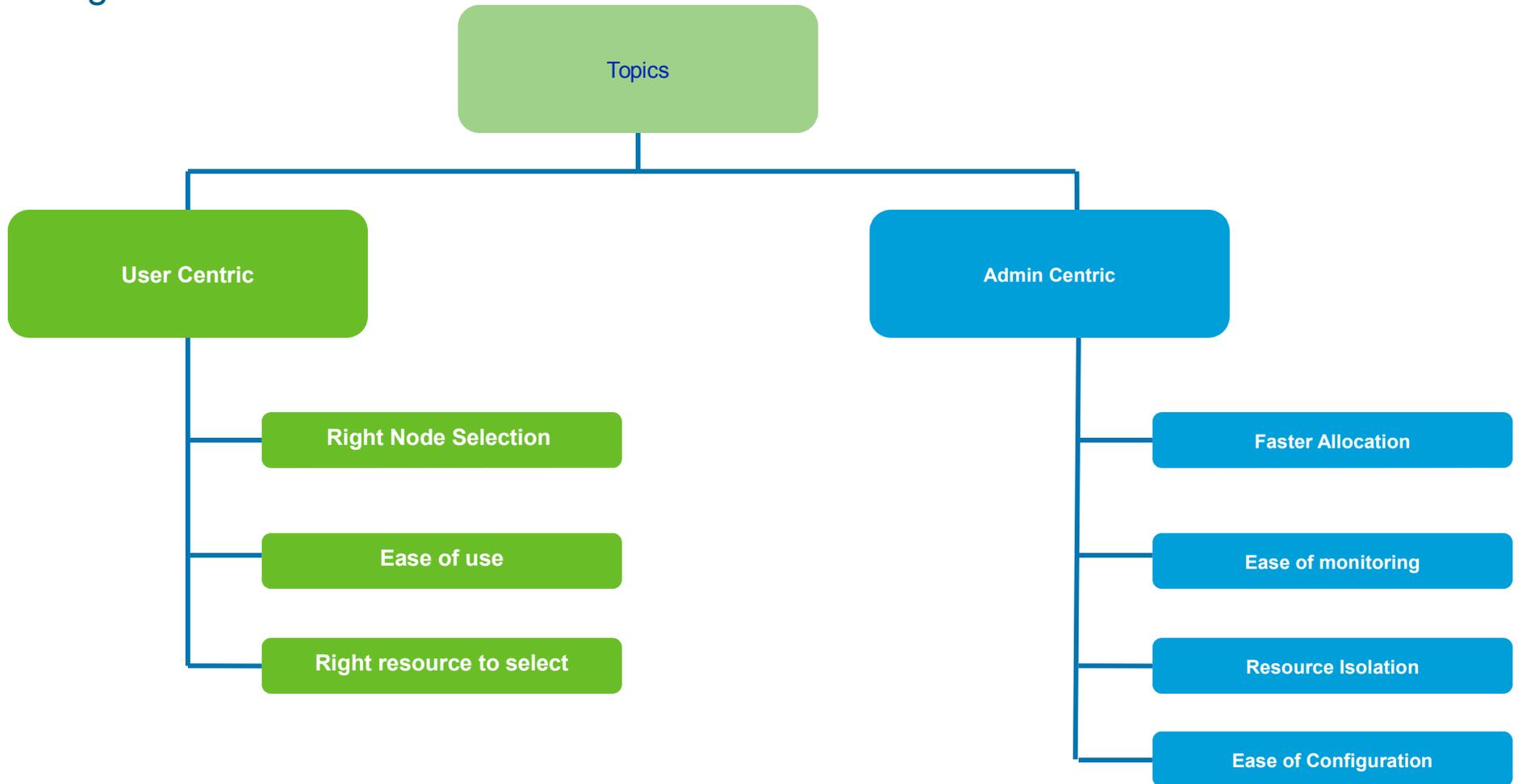
Community Update: JIRAs in 3.1.0



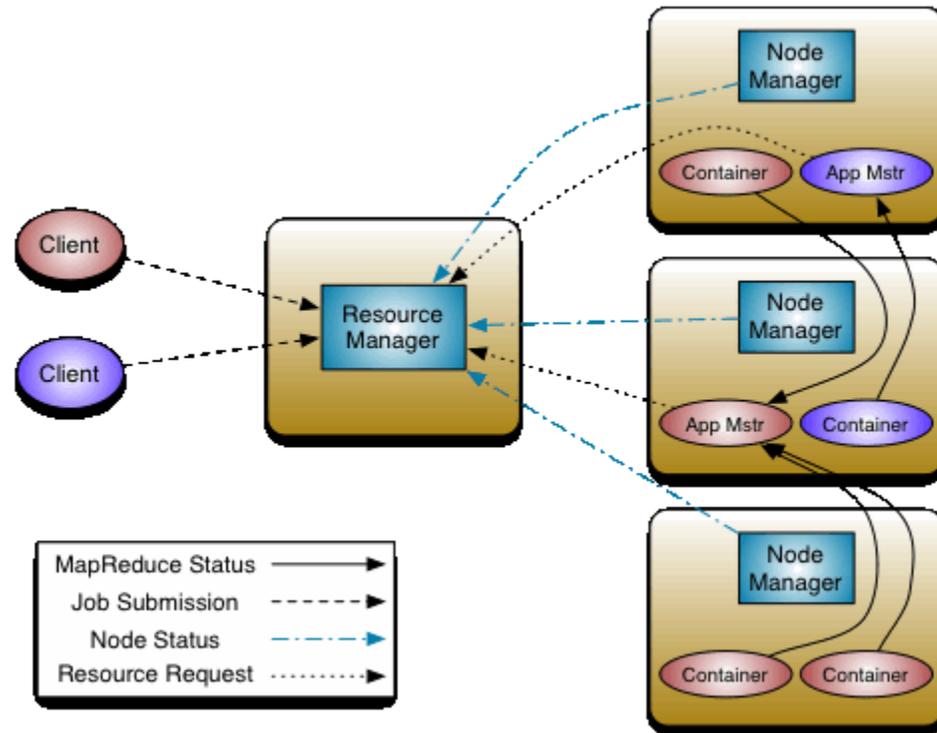
Community Update: Source code changes



Categorization:



YARN Overview :



Apache Hadoop 3.1

Moving towards Global & Fast Scheduling

Admin Centric

YARN-5139

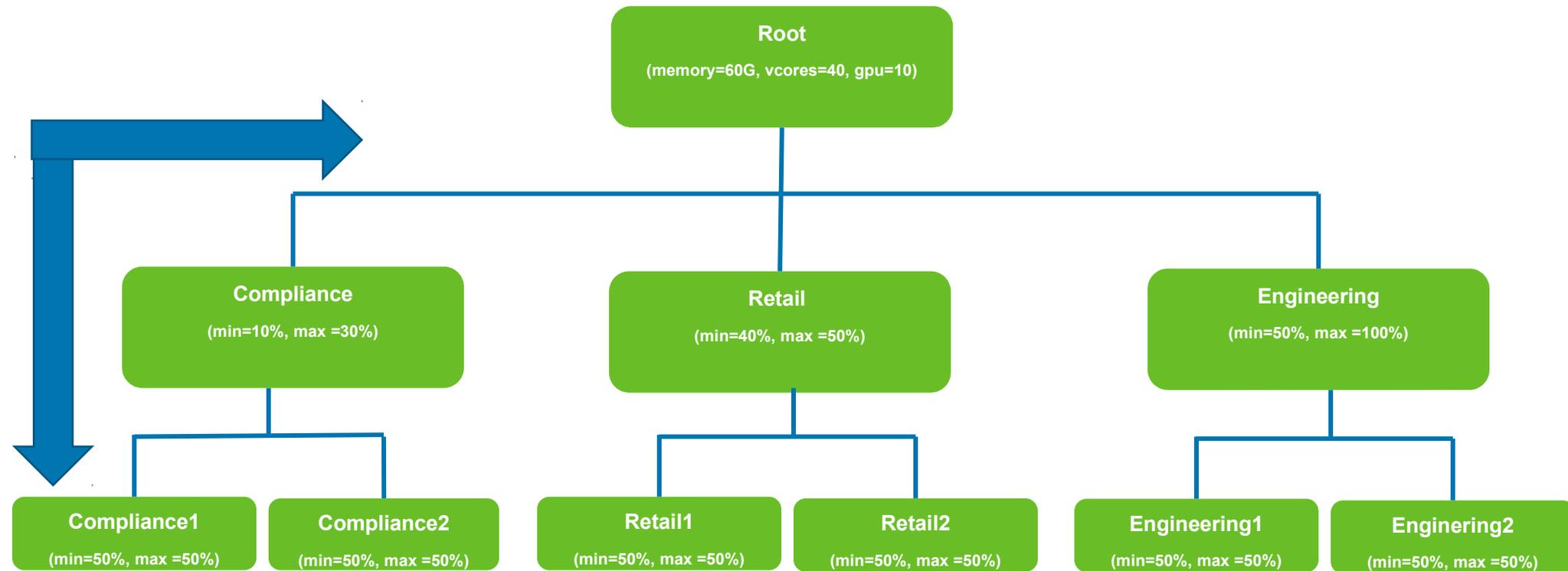
- **Problems**

- Current design of one-node-at-a-time allocation cycle can lead to suboptimal decisions.
- Several coarse grained locks.

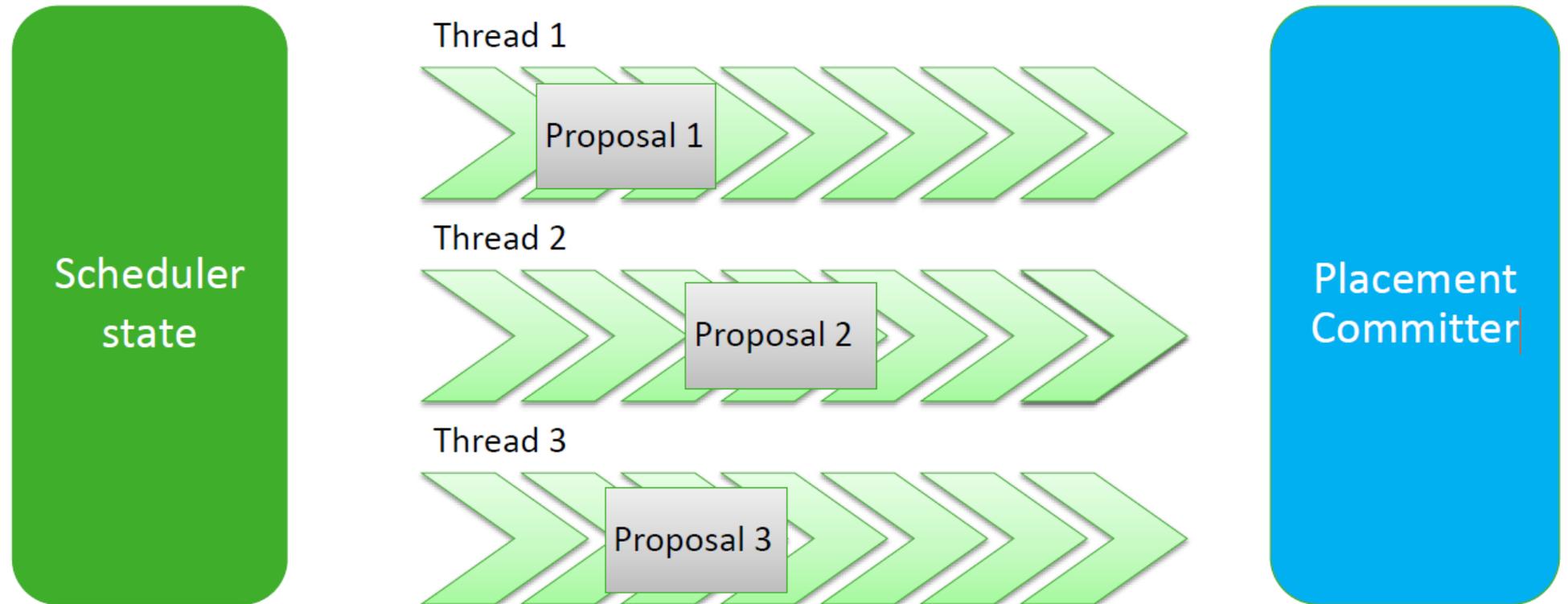
- **With this, we improved to**

- Look at several nodes at a time
- Fine grained locks
- Multiple allocator threads
- YARN scheduler can allocate **3k+ containers per second** \approx 10 mil allocations / hour!
- **10X throughput gains**
- Much better placement decisions

Traditional scheduling



Global Scheduling explained



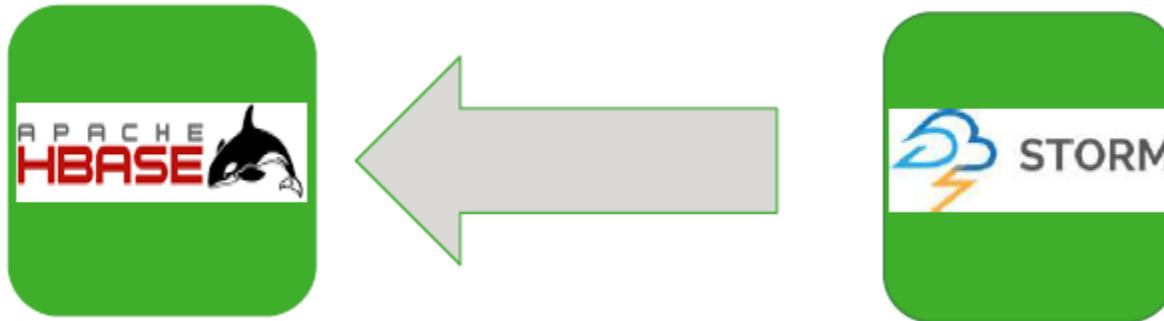
Better placement strategies (YARN-6592)

User Centric

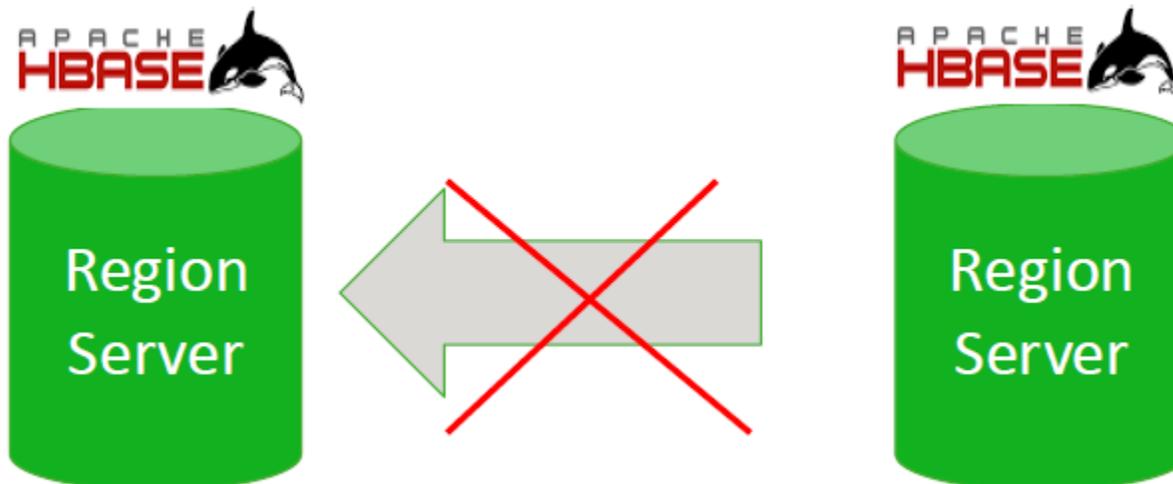
- **Past**
 - Supported constraints in form of Node Locality.
- **Now YARN can support a lot more use cases**
 - Co-locate the allocations of a job on the same rack (**affinity**)
 - Spread allocations across machines (**anti-affinity**) to minimize resource interference
 - Allow up to a specific number of allocations in a node group (**cardinality**)

Better placement strategies (YARN-6592)

- Affinity



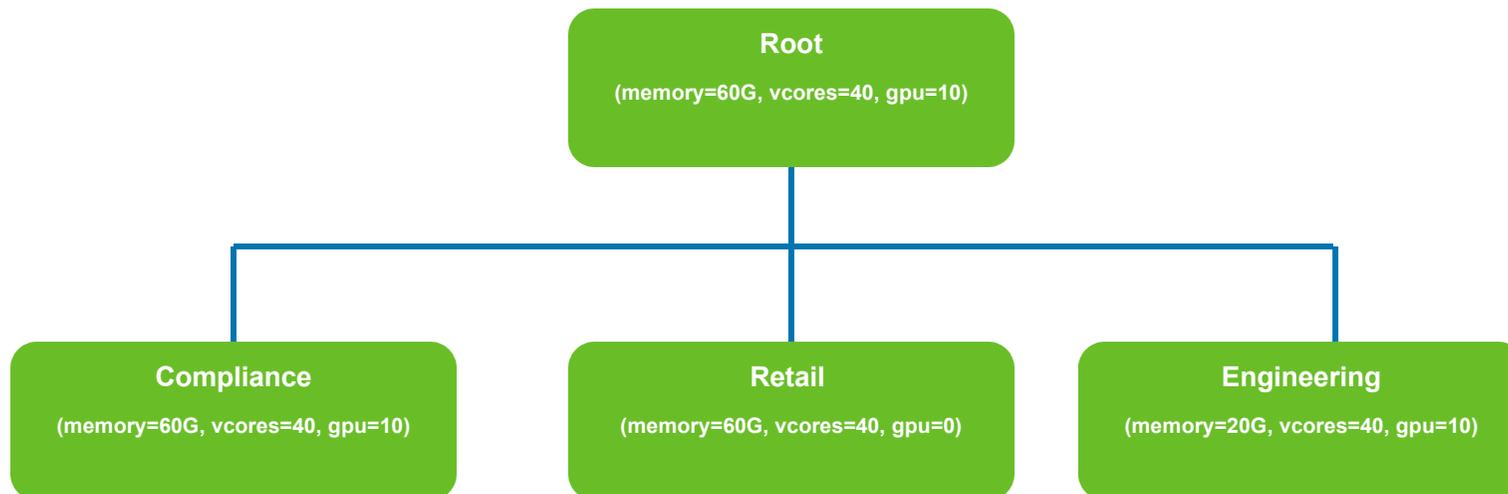
- Anti-affinity



Absolute Resources Configuration in CS – YARN-5881

Admin Centric

- Gives ability to configure Queue resources as below
<memory=24GB, vcores=20, yarn.io/gpu=2>
- Enables admins to assign different quotas of different resource-types
- No more “**Single percentage value limitation for all resource-types**”



Auto Creation of Leaf Queues - YARN-7117

Admin Centric

- **Easily map a queue** explicitly to user or group with out additional configs
 - For e.g, User X comes in, automatically create a queue for user X with a templated capacity requirements
- **Auto created Queues will be**
 - created runtime based on user mapping
 - cleaned up after use
 - adhering to ACLs

Usability : UI 1/2

Admin Centric



Cluster Overview

Queues

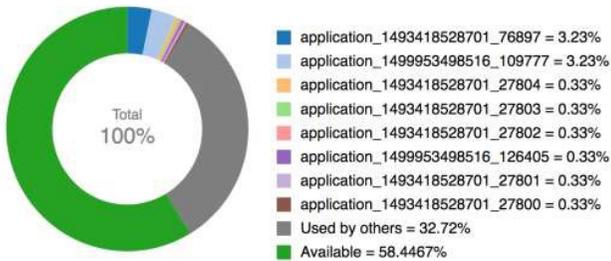
Applications

Nodes

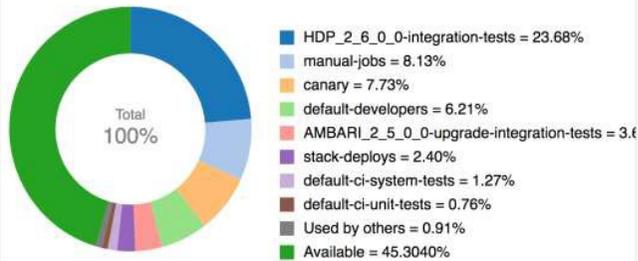
Home / Cluster Overview

Refresh

Cluster Resource Usage By Applications



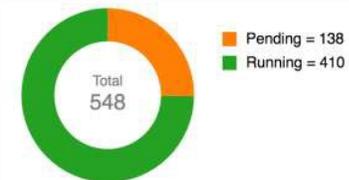
Cluster Resource Usage By Leaf Queues



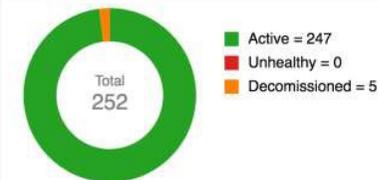
Finished Apps



Running Apps



Node Managers



Usability : UI 2/2

The screenshot displays the Hadoop Applications management interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs for Cluster Overview, Queues, Applications (selected), Services, and Nodes. Below the navigation, there's a breadcrumb 'Home / Applications' and a 'Refresh' button. The main content area is divided into two summary cards: 'Finished Apps' and 'Running Apps'. The 'Finished Apps' card shows a donut chart with a total of 32 applications, broken down into 24 Completed (green), 7 Killed (orange), and 1 Failed (red). The 'Running Apps' card shows a donut chart with a total of 0 applications, broken down into 0 Pending (orange) and 0 Running (green). Below these cards is a search bar and a table of application runs. The table has columns for Application ID, Application Type, Application Name, User, Queue, State, Progress, Start Time, Elapsed Time, and Finished Time. The table lists 12 application runs with various states like FINISHED, KILLED, and 100% progress.

Application ID	Application Type	Application Name	User	Queue	State	Progress	Start Time	Elapsed Time	Finished Time
application_1496835225420_0009	org-apache-slider	self-driving-car	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 12:23:34	2m 47s 457ms	2017/06/07 12:26:21
application_1496835225420_0010	org-apache-slider	kafka	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 12:33:28	1m 5s 744ms	2017/06/07 12:34:34
application_1496835225420_0007	org-apache-slider	self-driving-car	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 12:19:04	4m 5s 759ms	2017/06/07 12:23:10
application_1496835225420_0008	org-apache-slider	hbase-app-02	root	default	KILLED	100%	2017/06/07 12:19:56	1h 2s 791ms	2017/06/07 13:19:58
application_1496835225420_0013	org-apache-slider	hbase-app-03	root	default	KILLED	100%	2017/06/07 20:45:45	1h 2s 892ms	2017/06/07 21:45:48
application_1496835225420_0014	org-apache-slider	hbase-app-04	root	default	KILLED	100%	2017/06/07 21:59:58	1h 1s 348ms	2017/06/07 23:00:00
application_1496835225420_0011	org-apache-slider	kafka	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 13:17:45	1h 1s 261ms	2017/06/07 14:17:47
application_1496835225420_0012	org-apache-slider	self-driving-car	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 16:12:31	1D 32m 20s 312ms	2017/06/08 16:44:51
application_1496835225420_0001	org-apache-slider	self-driving-car-sunil	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 05:41:14	4m 17s 708ms	2017/06/07 05:45:32
application_1496835225420_0002	org-apache-slider	self-driving-car-sunil...	root	default	FINISHED	100%	2017/06/07 05:49:02	2D 9h 50m 5s 717ms	2017/06/09 15:39:08

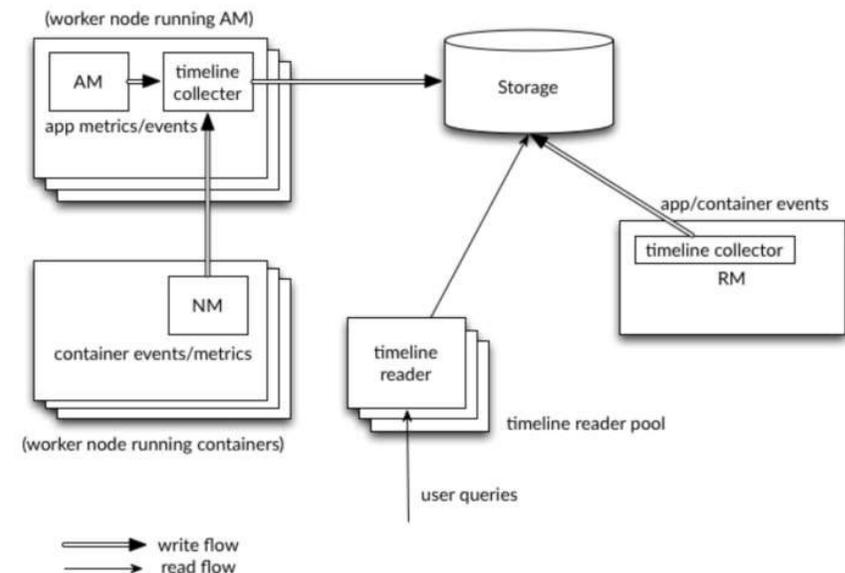
Timeline Service 2.0 Improvements

User Centric

Admin Centric

Understanding and Monitoring a Hadoop cluster itself is a BigData problem

- Using **HBase as backend** for better scalability for read/write
- More robust storage fault tolerance
- Migration and compatibility with v.1.5

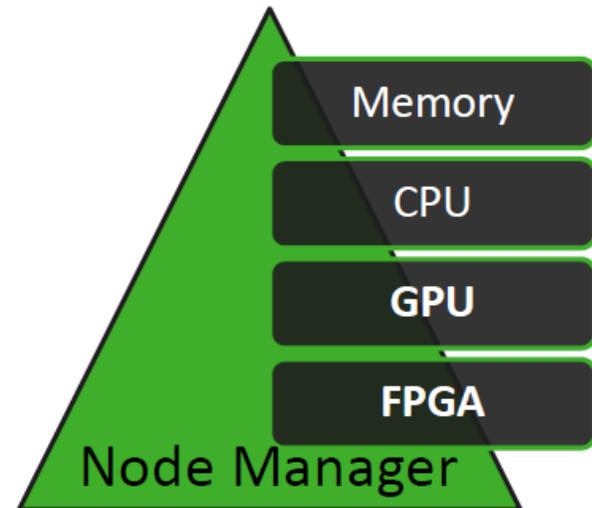


Resource profiles and custom resource types

User Centric

Admin Centric

- **YARN** supported only **Memory** and **CPU**
- **Now**
 - A generalized vector for all resources
 - Admin could add arbitrary resource types!



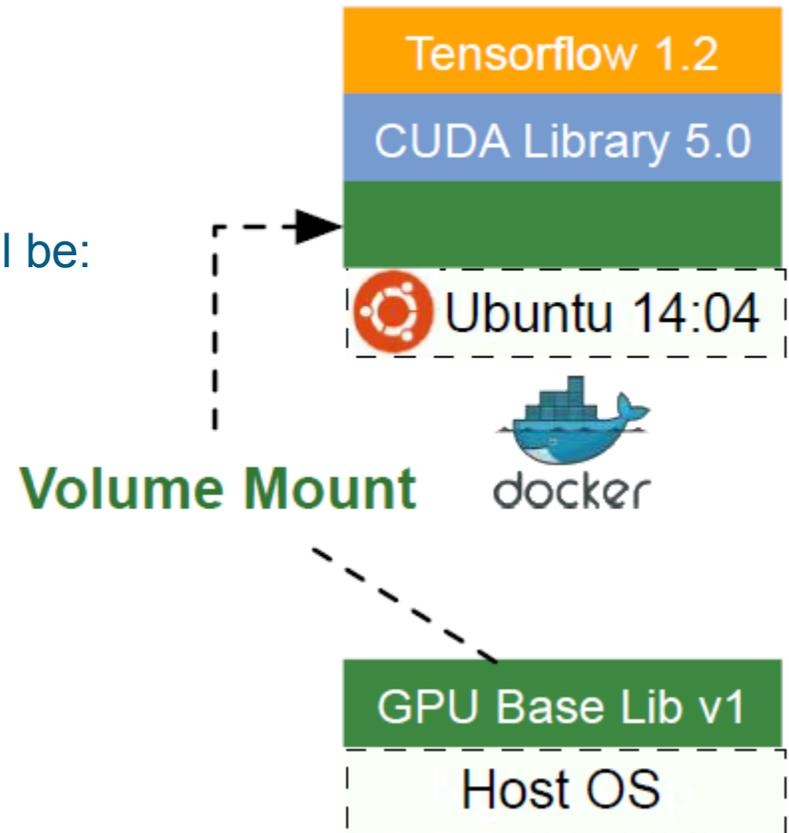
Ease of resource requesting model using profiles for apps

Profile	Memory	CPU	GPU
Small	2 GB	4 Cores	0 Cores
Medium	4 GB	8 Cores	0 Cores
Large	16 GB	16 Cores	4 Cores

GPU support on YARN

User Centric

- **Why?**
 - No need to setup separate clusters
 - Leverage shared compute!
- **Why need isolation?**
 - Multiple processes use the single GPU will be:
 - Serialized.
 - Cause OOM easily.
- **GPU isolation on YARN:**
 - Granularity is for per-GPU device.
 - Use cgroups / docker to enforce isolation.



FPGA on YARN

User Centric

- **FPGA isolation on YARN:**
 - Granularity is for per-FPGA device
 - Use Cgroups to enforce the isolation
- Currently, only Intel OpenCL SDK for FPGA is supported.
- Implementation is extensible to other FPGA SDK.

Services support in YARN

User Centric

- **A native YARN services framework (YARN-5079)**
 - Native Yarn support to Services
 - Apache Slider retired from Incubator – lessons and key code carried over to YARN
- **Simplified discovery of services via DNS mechanisms: YARN-4757**
 - *regionserver-0.hbase-app-3.hadoop.yarn.site*
- **Application & Services upgrades: YARN-4726**
 - “Do an upgrade of my HBase app with minimal impact to end-users”.

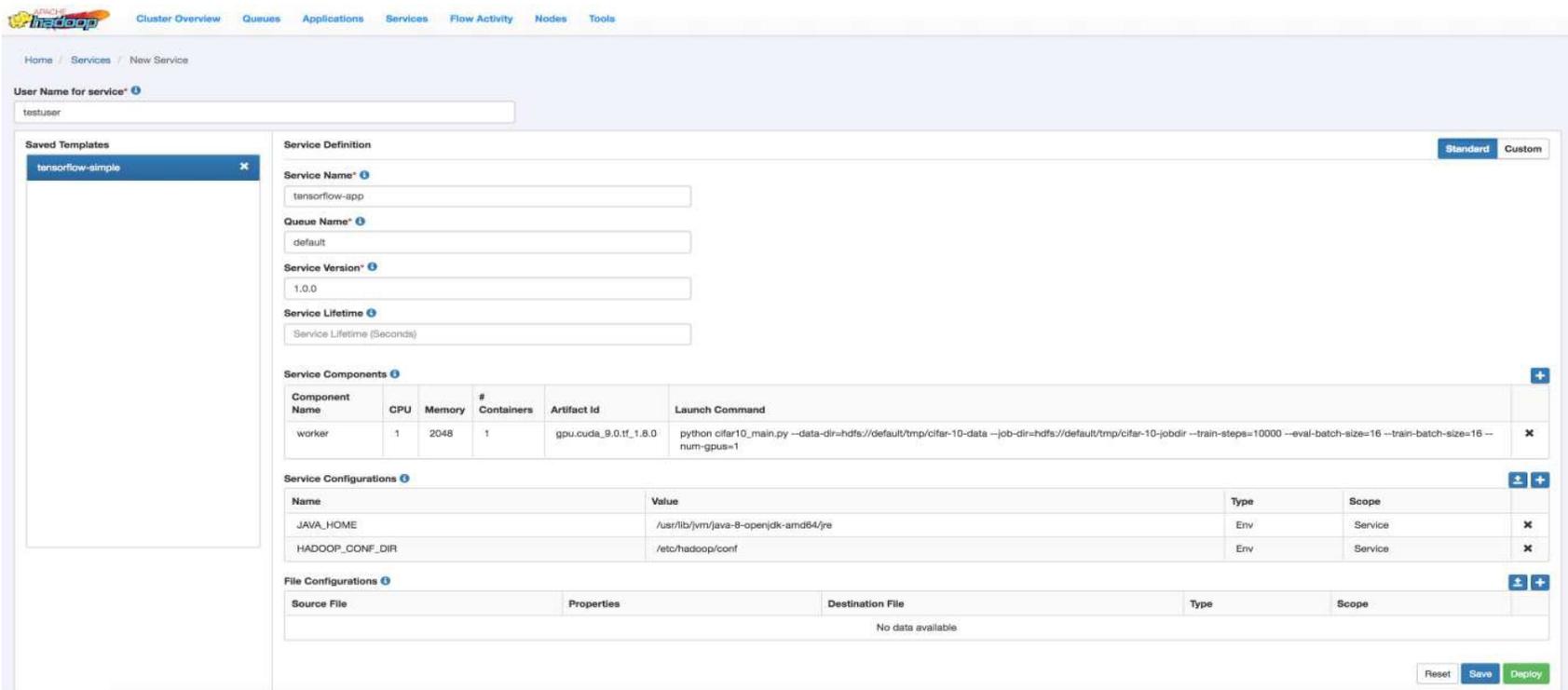
Simplified APIs for service definitions

User Centric

- Applications need simple APIs
- Need to be deployable “easily”
- Simple REST API layer (YARN-4793)
- Spawn services & Manage them

```
{
  "name": "kafka-app-1",
  "lifetime": "3600",
  "components": [
    {
      "name": "KAFKABROKER",
      "number_of_containers": 3,
      "unique_component_support": "true",
      "artifact": {
        "id": "registry.eng.hortonworks.com/hwx-assemblies/kafka:0.10.1",
        "type": "DOCKER"
      },
      "launch_command": "sleep 60; /usr/hdp/current/kafka-broker/bin/kafka-server-start.sh /etc/kafka/conf/server.properties",
      "resource": {
        "cpus": 1,
        "memory": "512"
      },
      "configuration": {
        "files": [
          {
            "type": "PROPERTIES",
            "dest_file": "/etc/kafka/conf/server.properties",
            "props": {
              "broker.id": "${COMPONENT_ID}",
              "zookeeper.connect": "${CLUSTER_ZK_QUORUM}${SERVICE_ZK_PATH}",
              "listeners": "PLAINTEXT://kafkabroker${COMPONENT_ID}.${SERVICE_NAME}.${USER}.${DOMAIN}:9092",
              "zookeeper.session.timeout.ms": "80000",
              "zookeeper.connection.timeout.ms": "80000"
            }
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

How to run a new service in YARN ?



The screenshot shows the Ambari interface for configuring a new service. The breadcrumb navigation is Home / Services / New Service. The 'User Name for service' is set to 'testuser'. A 'Saved Templates' sidebar on the left shows 'tensorflow-simple' selected. The main configuration area is divided into several sections:

- Service Definition:** Includes fields for Service Name (tensorflow-app), Queue Name (default), Service Version (1.0.0), and Service Lifetime (Service Lifetime (Seconds)).
- Service Components:** A table with columns for Component Name, CPU, Memory, # Containers, Artifact Id, and Launch Command. One component 'worker' is listed with 1 CPU, 2048 Memory, 1 Container, artifact 'gpu.cuda_9.0.tf_1.8.0', and a complex launch command.
- Service Configurations:** A table with columns for Name, Value, Type, and Scope. It lists 'JAVA_HOME' and 'HADOOP_CONF_DIR' as environment variables.
- File Configurations:** A table with columns for Source File, Properties, Destination File, Type, and Scope. It currently shows 'No data available'.

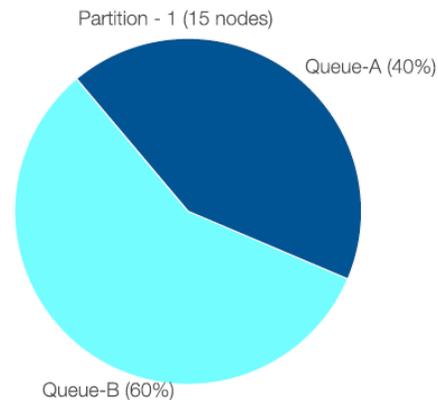
At the bottom right, there are buttons for 'Reset', 'Save', and 'Deploy'.

Apache Hadoop 3.2

Node Attributes (YARN-3409)

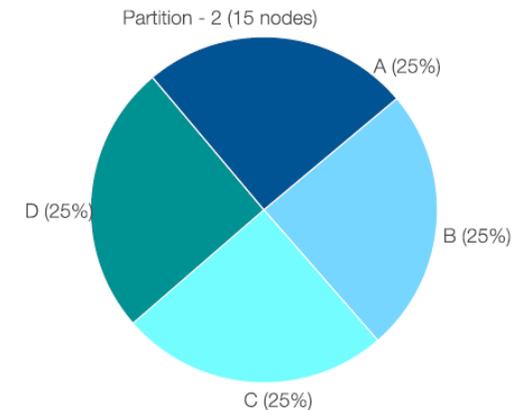
User Centric

- “Take me to a node with JDK 10”
- Node Partition vs. Node Attribute
- **Node Partition**
 - One partition for one node
 - ACL
 - Shares between queues
 - Preemption enforced
- **Attribute**
 - For Container placement
 - No ACL’s and Shares
 - First come first serve



Node 1
 os.type=ubuntu
 os.version=14.10
 glibc.version=2.20
 JDK.version=8u20

Node 2
 os.type=RHEL
 os.version=5.1
 GPU.type=x86_64
 JDK.version=7u20



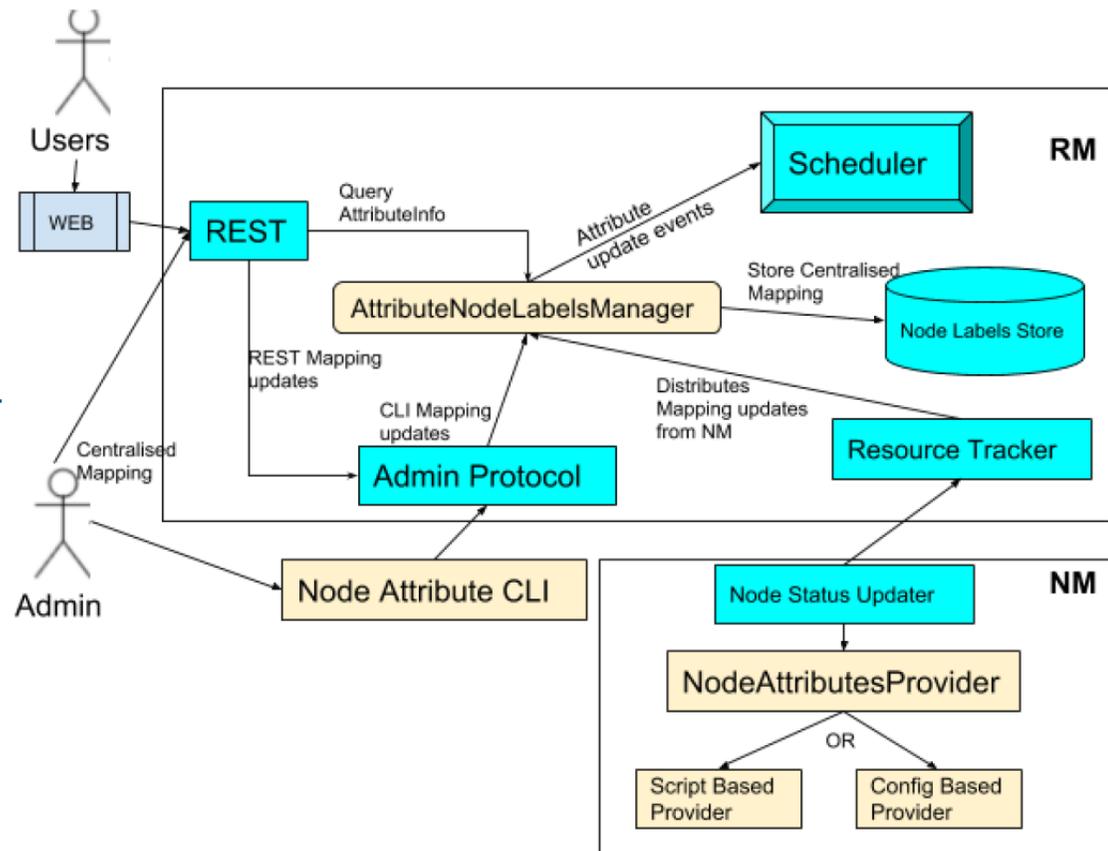
Node 16
 os.type=windows
 os.version=7
 JDK.version=8u20

Node 17
 os.type=SUSE
 os.version=12
 GPU.type=i686
 JDK.version=7u20

Node Attributes (YARN-3409)

User Centric

- **Distributed Node Attributes**
 - NM can detect its attributes
 - Script based and Config based detection.
 - Attribute prefix : *yarn.nm.io*
- **Centralised Node Attributes**
 - Configured through CLI and REST
 - Admin ACL's to configure
 - Attribute prefix : *yarn.rm.io*



Node Attributes (YARN-3409)

User Centric

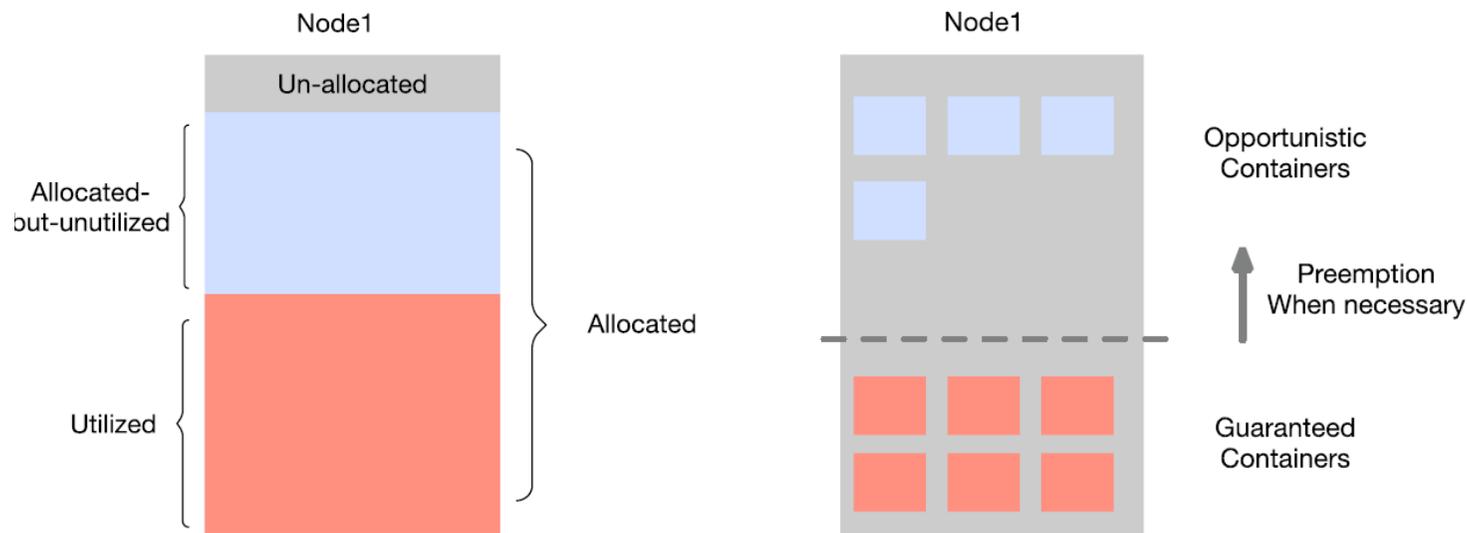
Use cases :

- **Hardware Constraints** : To identify specific kind of resources like
 - GPU, FPGA,
 - SSD, # of disks,
 - InfiniBand,
 - (dual) network cards,
- **Task Constraints**: Task or container specific constraints like
 - To run on specific Operating system versions.
 - Processor architecture
 - software library versions
- **Experimental** : Based on dynamic attributes like
 - Load average,
 - disk usage
 - Network

Container overcommit (YARN-1011)

Admin Centric

- Every user says “Give me 16GB for my task”, even though it’s only needed at peak
- Each node has some allocated but unutilized capacity. Use such capacity to run opportunistic tasks
- Preempt such tasks when needed



Auto-spawning of system services (YARN-8048)

Admin Centric

- “Start this service when YARN starts”
- “initd for YARN”
- Services are started during the yarn bootstrap
 - For example YARN ATsv2 needs Hbase, so Hbase is system service of YARN.
 - Only Admin can configure
 - Started along with ResourceManager
 - Place spec files under yarn.service.systemservice.dir FS path

```

SYSTEM_SERVICE_DIR_PATH
|----- sync
|         |--- user1
|         |----- service1.yarnfile
|         |----- service2.yarnfile
|         |--- user2
|         |----- service3.yarnfile
|         ....
|----- async
|         |--- user3
|         |----- service1.yarnfile
|         |----- service2.yarnfile
|         |--- user4
|         |----- service3.yarnfile
|         ....
    
```

TensorFlow on YARN (YARN-8220)

- Run deep learning workloads on the same cluster as analytics, stream processing etc!
- Integrated with latest TensorFlow 1.8 and has **GPU** support
 - Use simple command to run TensorFlow app by using Native Service spec file (Yarnfile)

```
yarn app -launch distributed-tf <path-to-saved-yarnfile>
```

- A simple python command line utility also could be used to auto-create Yarnfile

```
python submit_tf_job.py  
--remote_conf_path hdfs:///tf-job-conf  
--input_spec example_tf_job_spec.json  
--docker_image gpu.cuda_9.0.tf_1.8.0  
--job_name distributed-tf-gpu  
--user tf-user  
--domain tensorflow.site  
--distributed --kerberos
```

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--user tf-user  
--domain tensorflow.site  
--distributed --kerberos
```

TensorFlow on YARN (YARN-8220)

User Centric

- Sample Yarnfile for TensorFlow job

```
{
  "name": "distributed-tf",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "components": [
    {
      "name": "worker",
      "dependencies": [],
      "resource": {
        "cpus": 1,
        "memory": "4096",
        "additional": {
          "yarn.io/gpu": {
            "value": 1
          }
        }
      },
      "launch_command": "cd /test/models/tutorials/image/cifar10_estimator && python cifar10_main.py --data-dir=hdfs://default/tmp",
      "number_of_containers": 1
    }
  ],
  "kerberos_principal": {
    "principal_name": "test-user@EXAMPLE.COM",
    "keytab": "file:///etc/security/keytabs/test-user.headless.keytab"
  }
}
```

Other related talks :

- **Deep learning on YARN - Running distributed Tensorflow / MXNet / Caffe / XGBoost on Hadoop clusters**
 - **Speakers** : Wangda Tan
 - Thursday, 27th Sep, 11:20
 - Ballroom

- **Running distributed TensorFlow in production: challenges and solutions on YARN 3.0**
 - **Speakers** : Wangda Tan & Yanbo Liang
 - Thursday, 27th Sep, 15:40
 - Ballroom

Queries ?