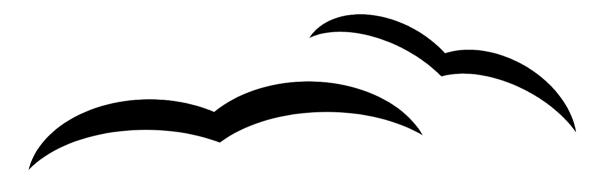
OpenOffice.org



impress tutorial







AutoPilot
Inserting Slides
Selecting Slides
Formatting a Page
Formatting Slides
Workspace views
Running the slide show

Editing slides

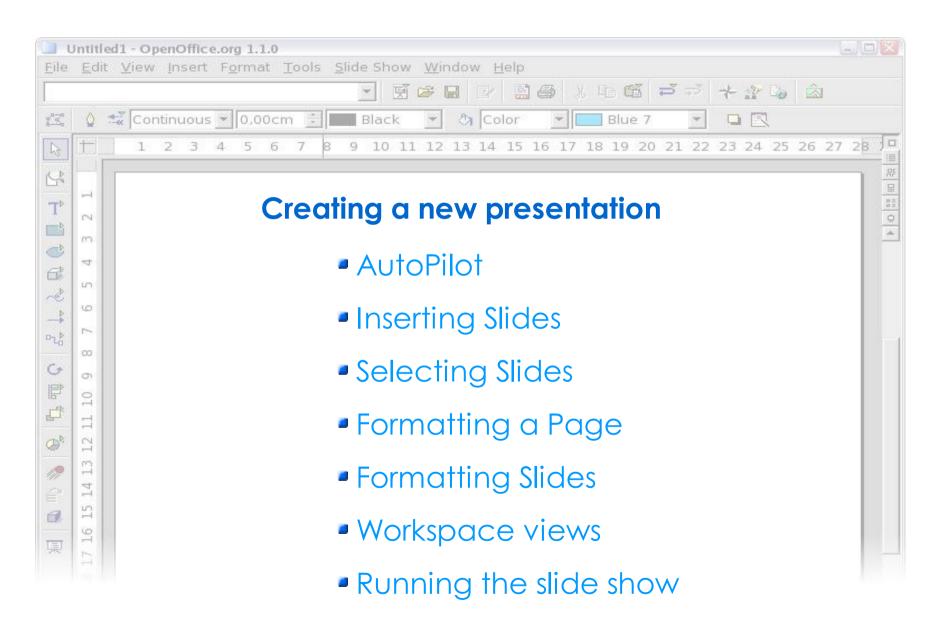
Inserting Text
Formatting Text
Creating Bulletted/Numbered Lists
Changing the Slide Background
Importing Graphics

Slide Transitions and Animations

Slide Transitions Animation Effects

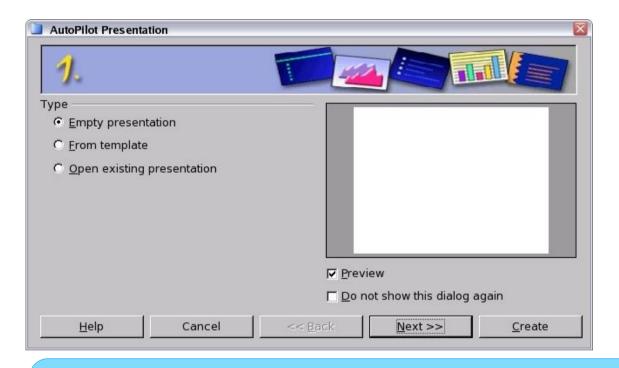
Differences between PowerPoint and OpenOffice

Features that may be implemented differently



OpenOffice.org

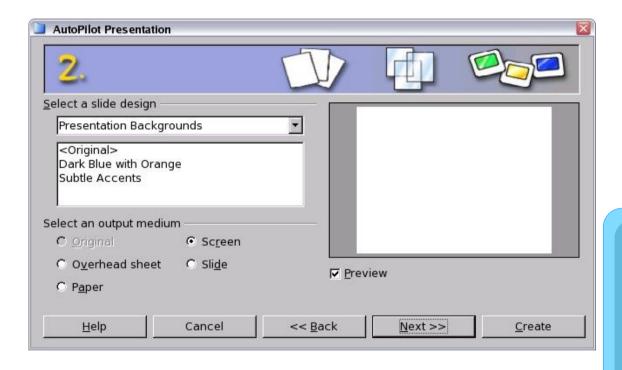
AutoPilot



After launching
OpenOffice.org
an AutoPilot
Presentation
window appears.

- → Empty presentation creates a presentation from scratch.
- → From template uses a template design already created as the base of a new presentation.
- → Open existing presentation continues work on a previously created presentation.

AutoPilot

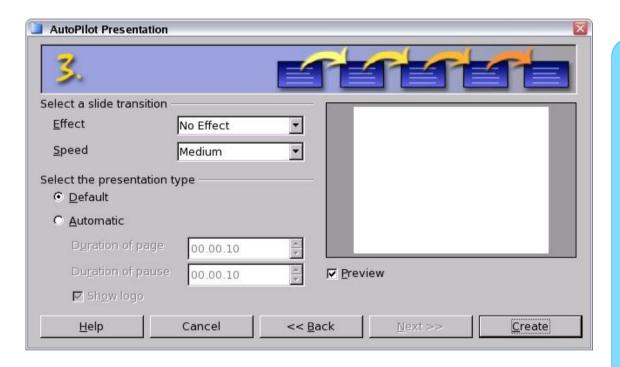


Select a slide design. Choose <Original> for no slide design (plain white).

Select how presentation will be used.

Click "Next >>" to continue.

AutoPilot



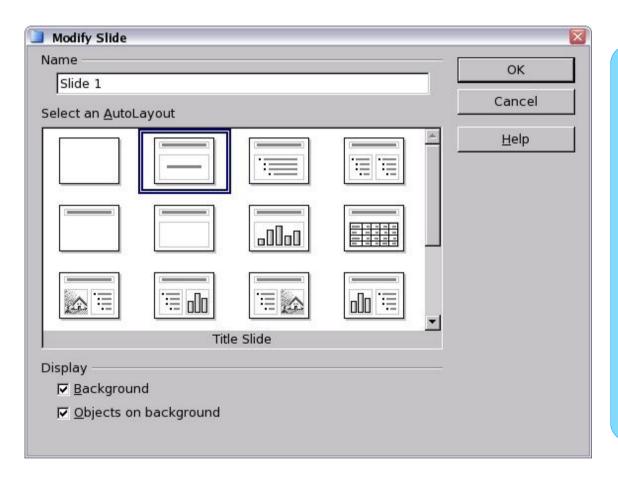
The Effect option creates transitions between all the slides in the presentation.

Select No Effect for no transition effect.

Transitions can be added and changed later.

Click "Create" to end the AutoPilot.

AutoPilot

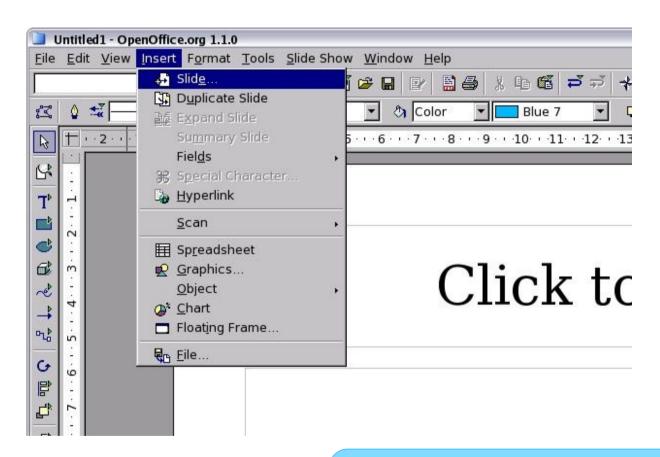


Type in a title for the slide in the area marked Name.

Click a thumbnail slide from a "Select an Autolayout" section to select that layout.

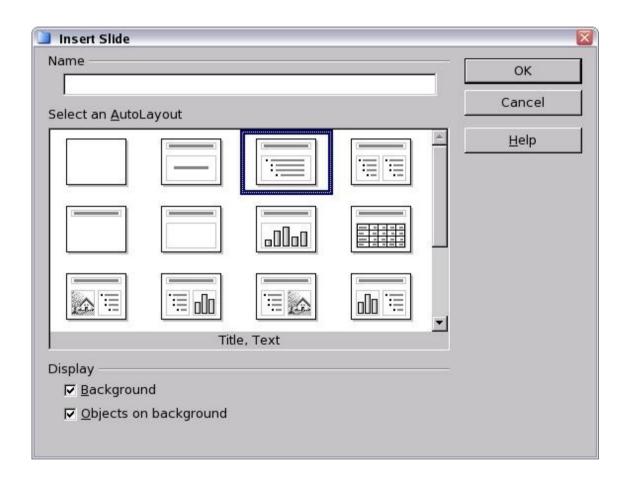
Click OK.

Inserting Slides



To add a slide to the new presentation, go to the Insert menu and select "Slide..."

Inserting Slides

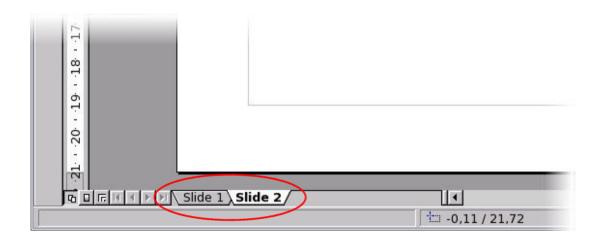


Insert a title for the slide in the Name field.

Choose the slide layout from the "Select an AutoLayout" section.

Click OK.

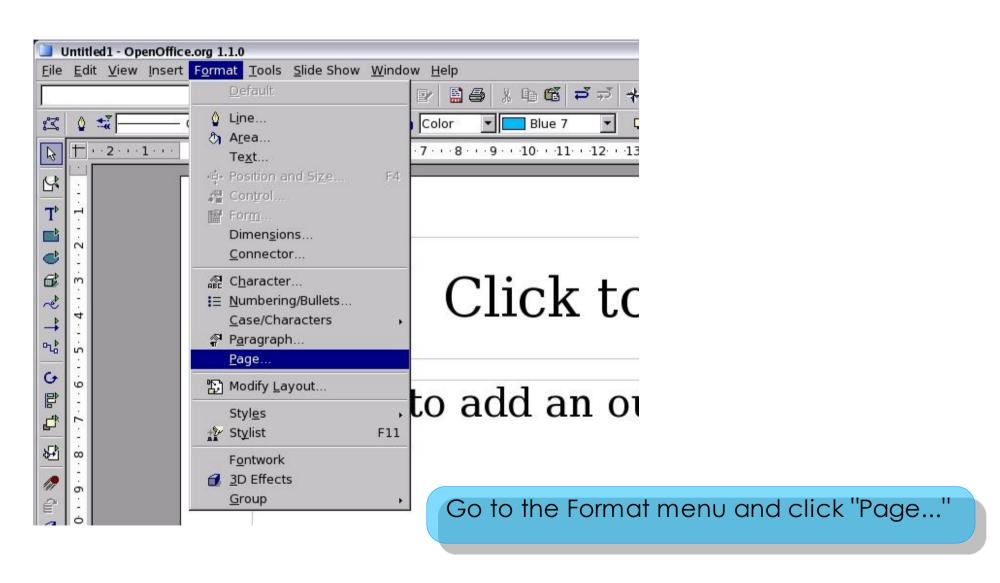
Selecting Slides



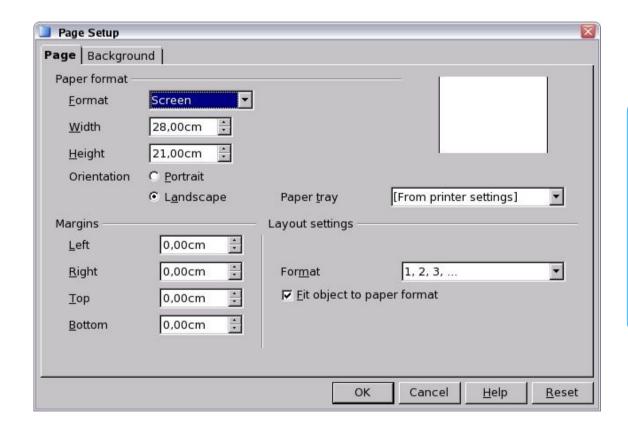
A new slide tab appears at the bottom of the workspace for each inserted slide.

Click on a slide tab to select and display that tab.

Formatting a Page

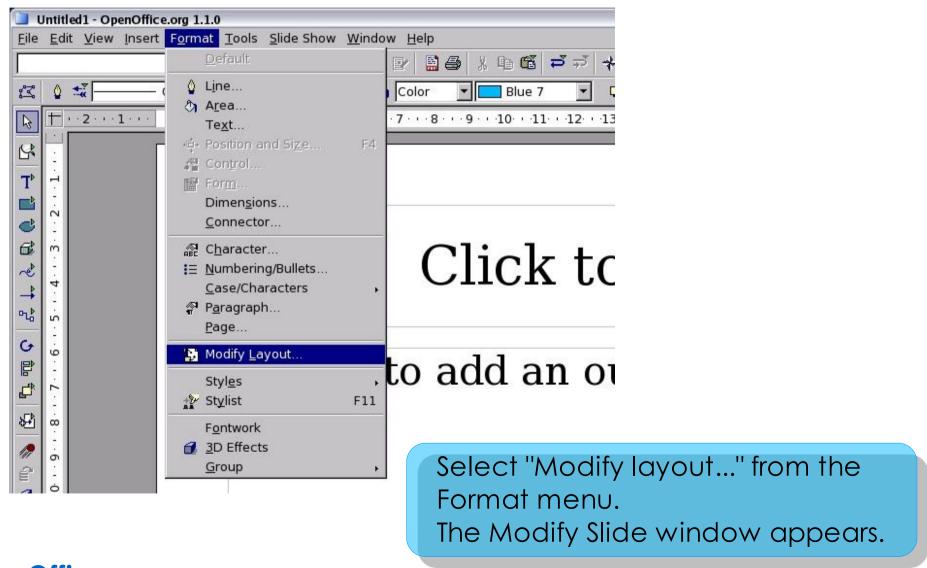


Formatting a Page



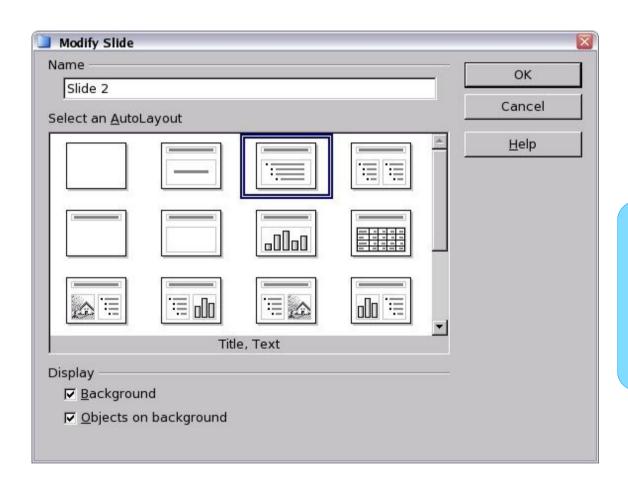
In this window you can change the format, the orientation and the margins of the page.

Formatting Slides



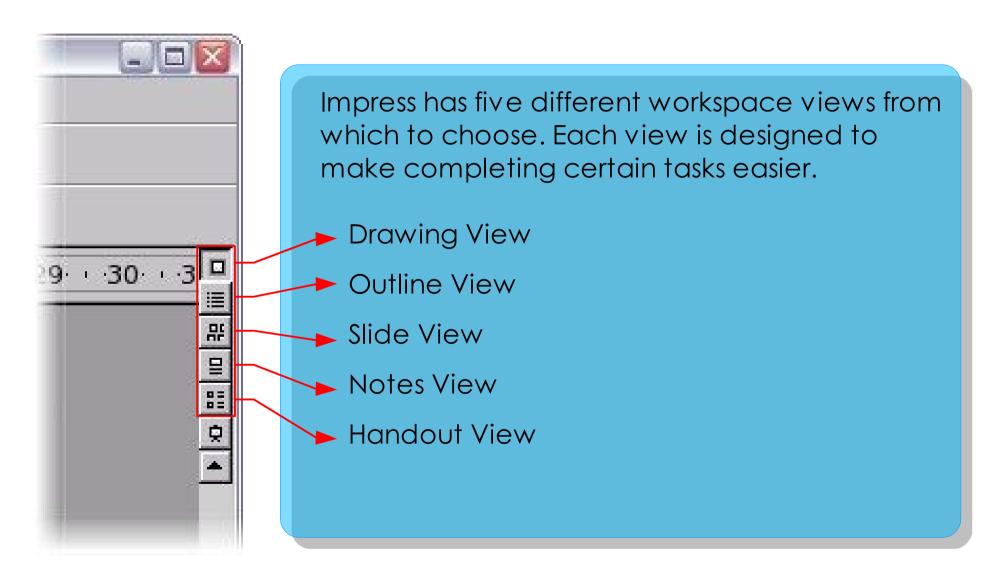
OpenOffice.org

Formatting Slides



Modify the layout by choosing a new layout from the "Select an AutoLayout" section.

Workspace views

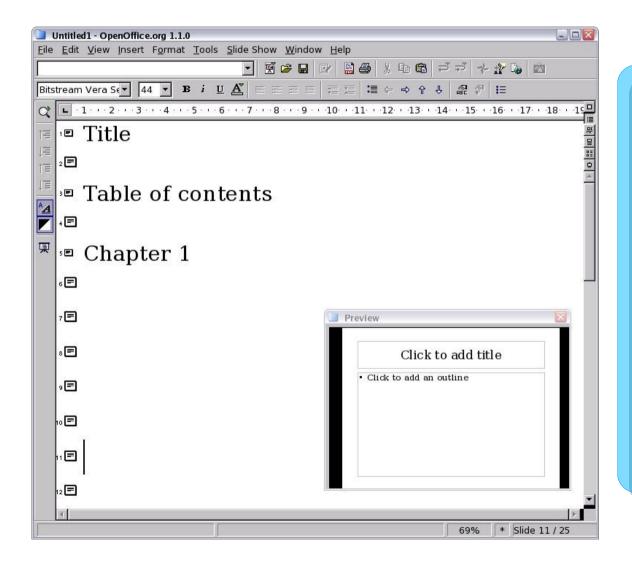


Workspace views



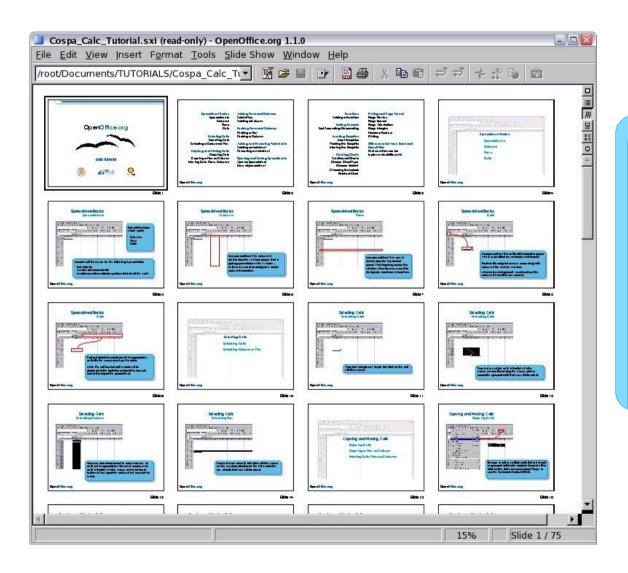
Drawing View is the main view for creating individual slides.
Use this view to format and design, add text, graphics, and animation effects.

Workspace views



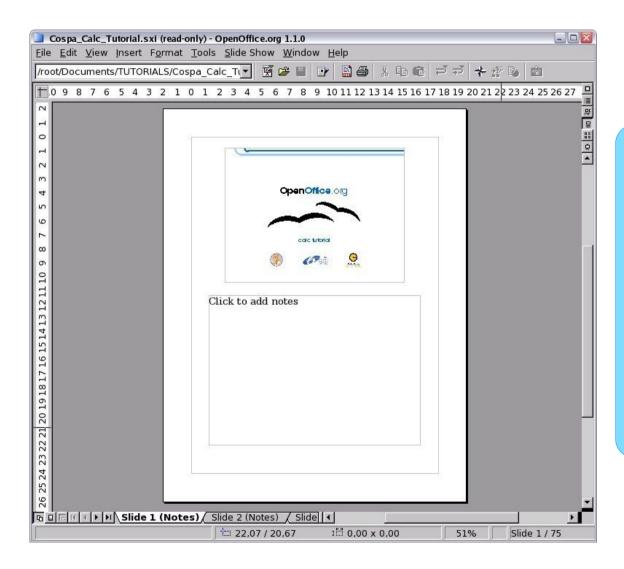
Outline View shows topic titles, bulleted lists, and numbered lists for each slide in outline format. This view lets you rearrange the order of the slides, edit titles and headings, rearrange the order of items in a list, and add new slides.

Workspace views



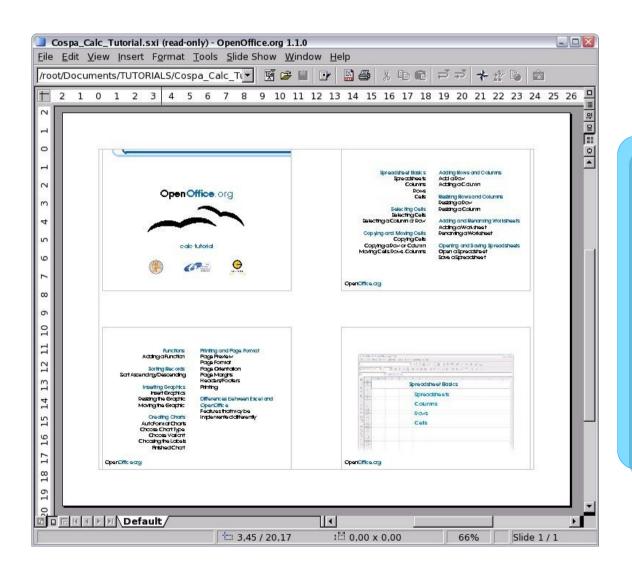
Slide View shows a small version of each slide in order to rearrange the order of slides, produce a timed slideshow, or add transitions between slides.

Workspace views



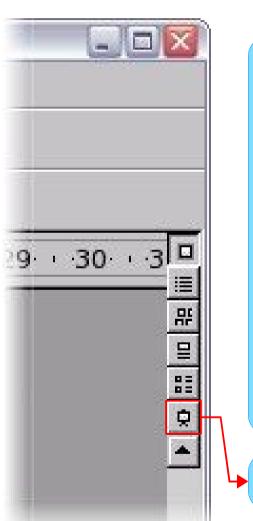
Notes View lets you add notes to each slide that are not seen when the presentation is shown. You can print these notes and refer to them while giving a presentation.

Workspace views



Handout View reduces several slides of the presentation and efficiently rearrange slides in this view by simply dragging and dropping them.

Running the slide show



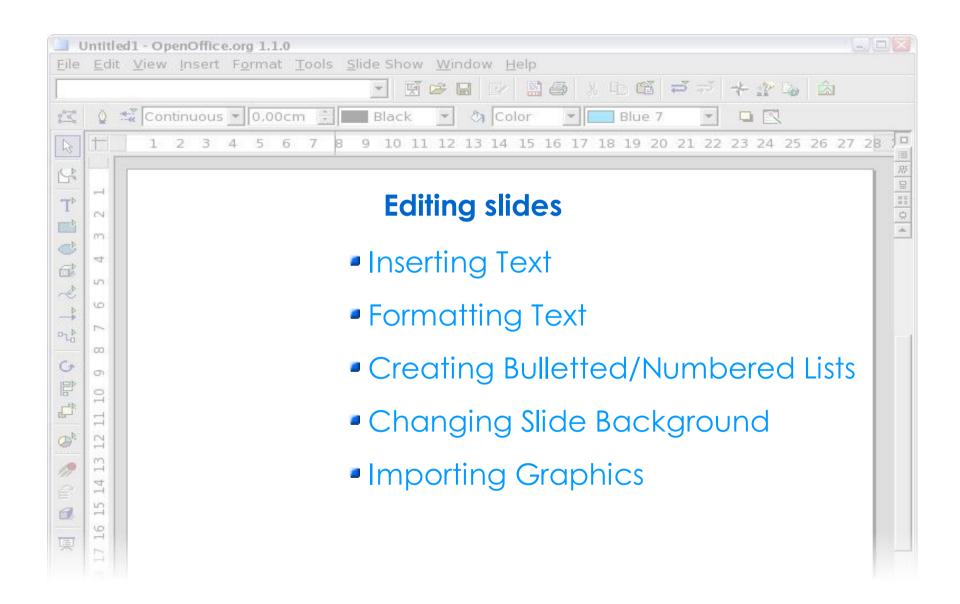
To view the presentation click on the "Start Slide Show" button or go to the "Slide Show" menu and select "Slide Show".

The shortcut key for this feature is "F9".

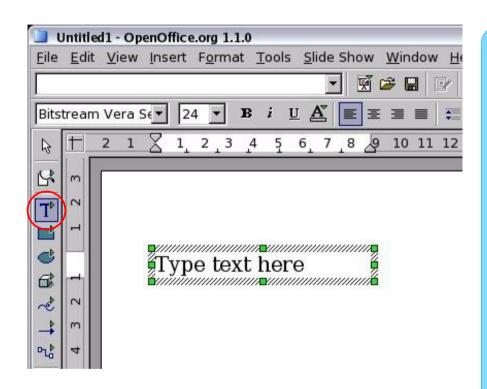
Use the arrow keys on the keyboard to go to the next slide or to go back the previous one. You can also click the mouse or press the spacebar on the keyboard to advance to the next slide

When the last slide appears, the message "Click to exit presentation" appears. Click the mouse or press any key to exit the presentation.

Slide Show



Editing slidesInserting Text



Click on Text icon in the main toolbar.

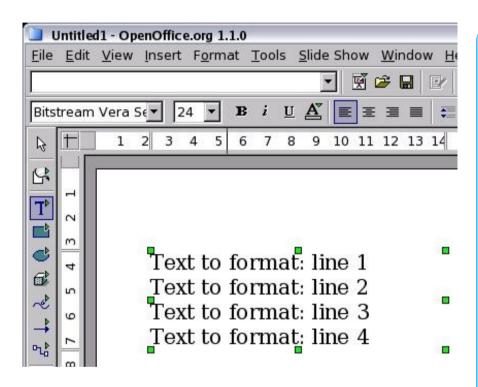
Click on the slide and drag to draw a box, release the mouse when finished.

The cursor appears in the text box which is now in edit mode.

Type the text in the box.

Click outside the text box to deselect it.

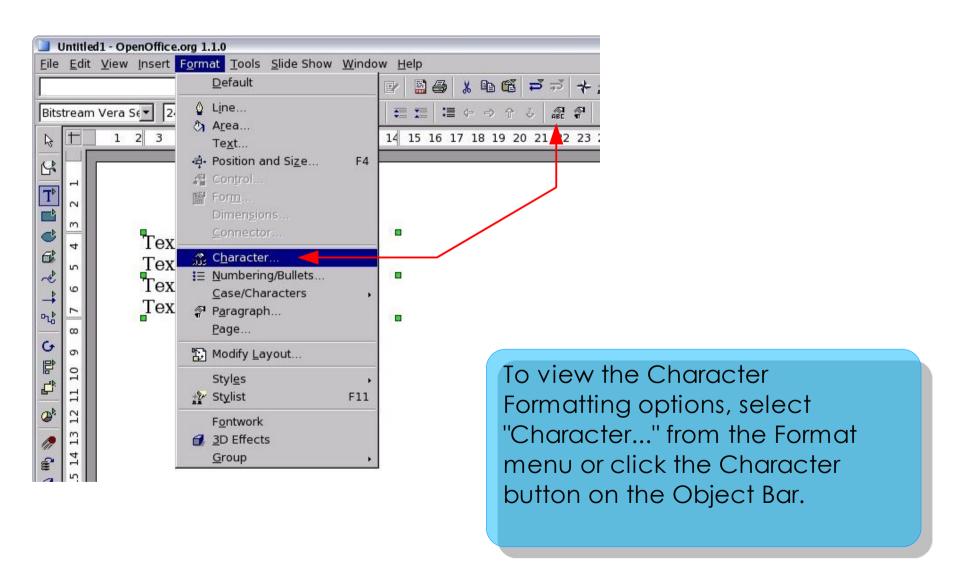
Editing slidesFormatting Text



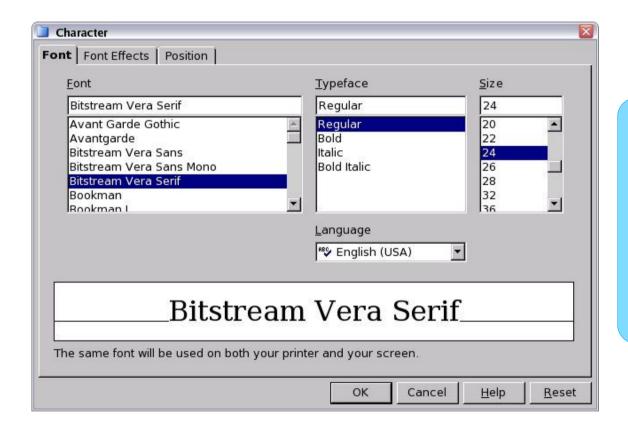
The text must be selected before it can be formatted:

- → To format all text in a text box, click on the text, then click once on the border of the text box. Now any formatting changing will apply to all text in the box.
- → To format only a part of the text, click once on the text, then select the part to be formatted by clicking and dragging (highlighting) over it. Formatting changes will apply only to the selected text.

Formatting Text



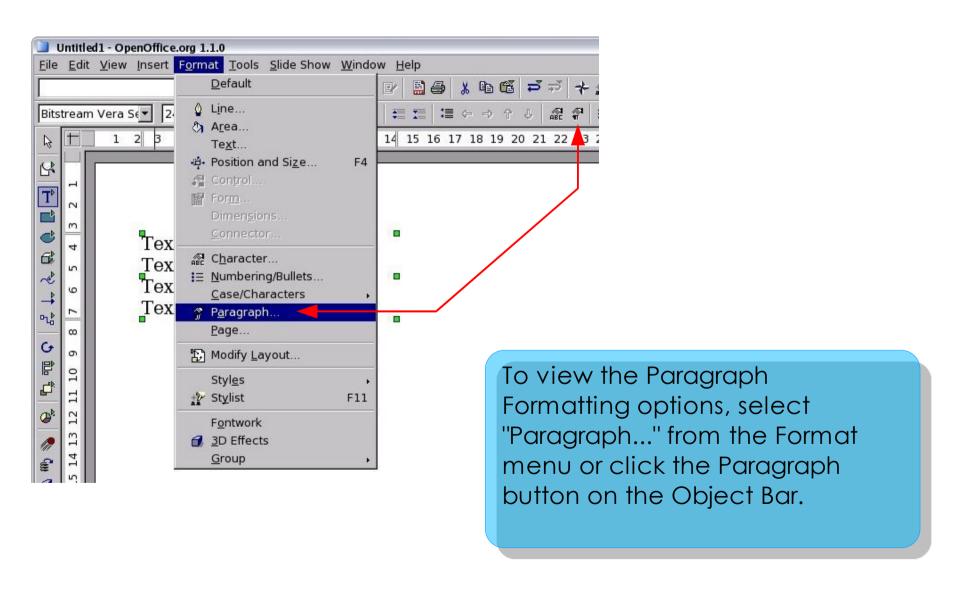
Editing slidesFormatting Text



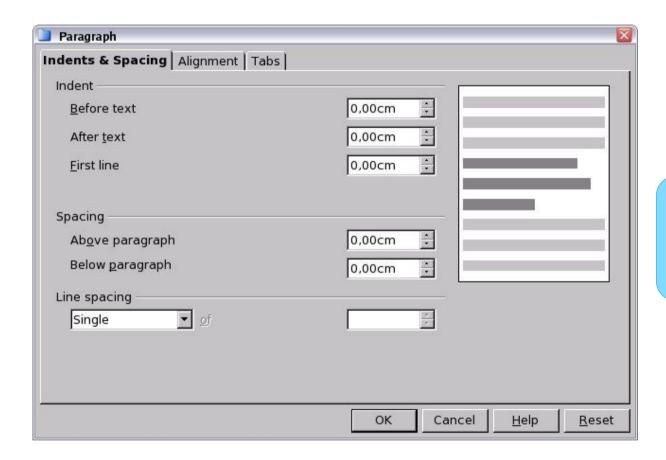
In this window you can specify the font, the typeface and the size of the text.

At the bottom of the window there is a preview of the selected font.

Formatting Text

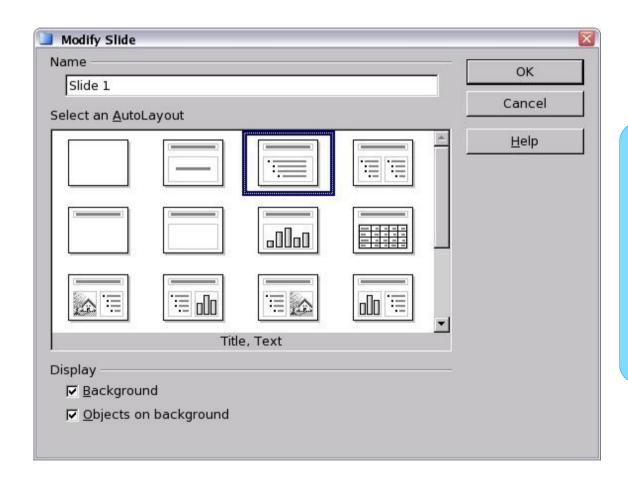


Formatting Text



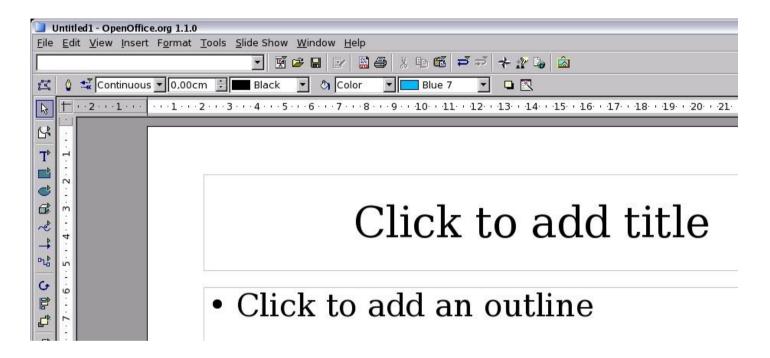
In this window you can specify options about paragraphs.

Creating Bulletted/Numbered Lists



To create a bulletted or numbered list from AutoLayout text boxes, insert a new slide or modify the current one and then select an AutoLayout that contains a numbered list.

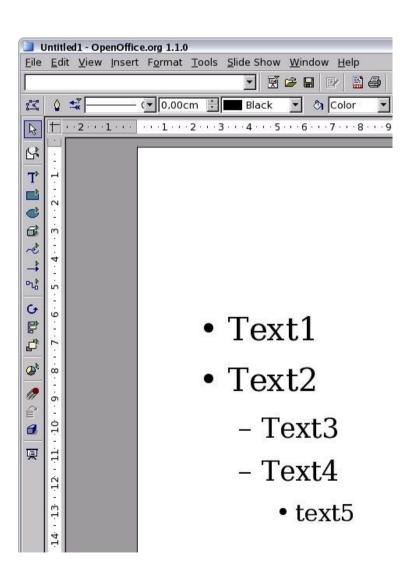
Creating Bulletted/Numbered Lists



Click in the box that reads "Click to add an outline" Type the text, then press *Enter* to start a new bulletted line or the next sequential numbered line.

Press Shift + Enter to start a new line without creating a new bullet or number.

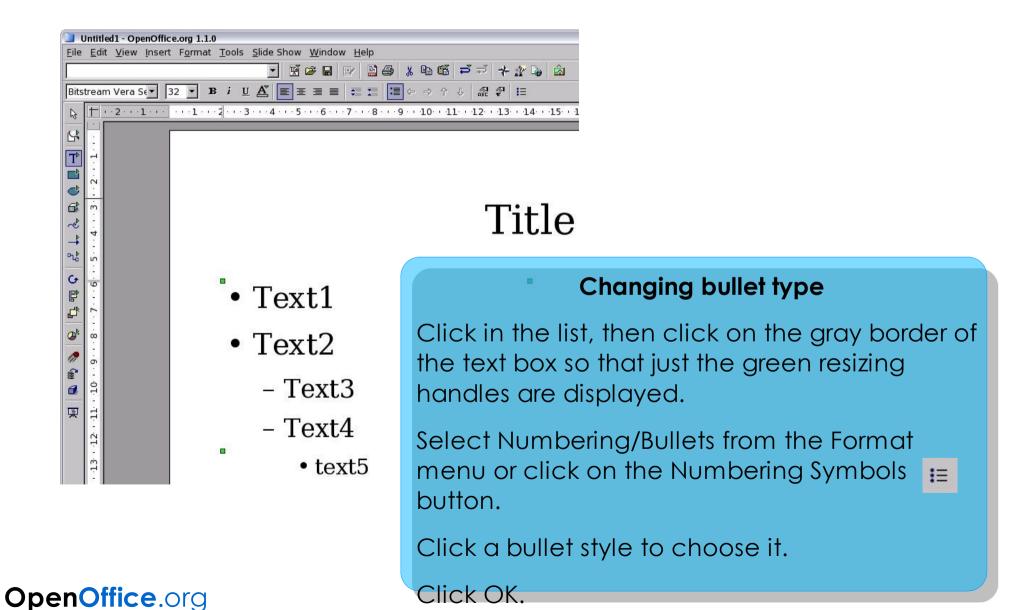
Creating Bulletted/Numbered Lists



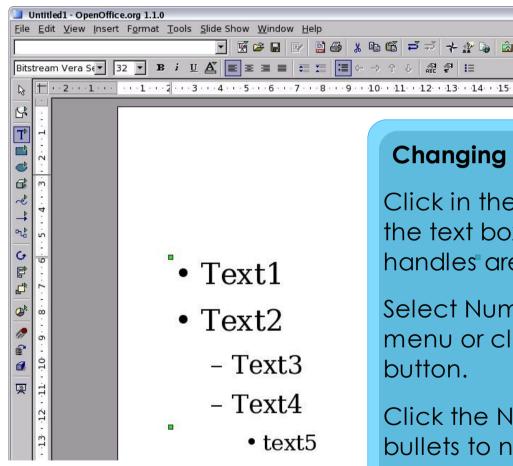
Creating a new outline level

Press tab. Each time you press tab the line indents to the new outline level. Pressing Enter creates a new line at the same level as the previeous one.

Creating Bulletted/Numbered Lists



Creating Bulletted/Numbered Lists



Changing from bulletted lists <-> numbered lists

Click in the list, then click on the gray border of the text box so that just the green resizing handles are displayed.

Select Numbering/Bullets from the Format menu or click on the Numbering Symbols button.

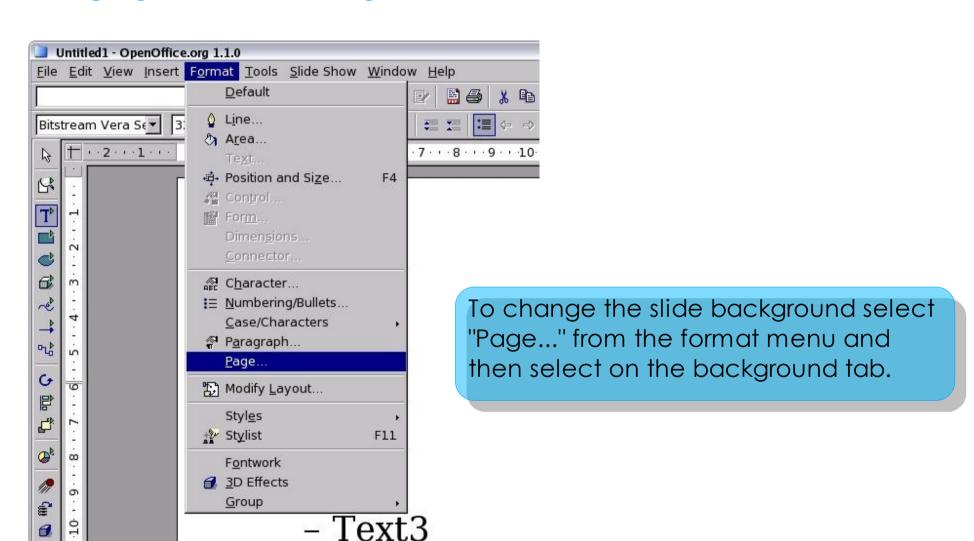
Click the Numbering type tab if switching from bullets to numbers.

Click the Bullets tab if switching from numbers to bullets.

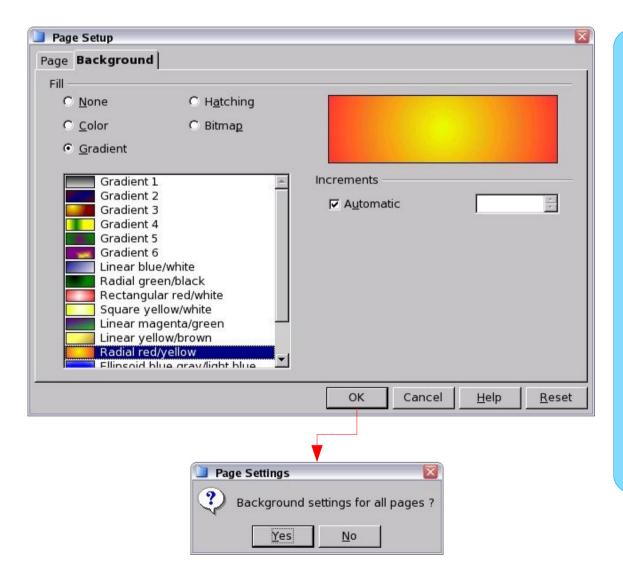
Click a bullet style to choose it.

Click OK.

Changing the Slide Background



Changing the Slide Background

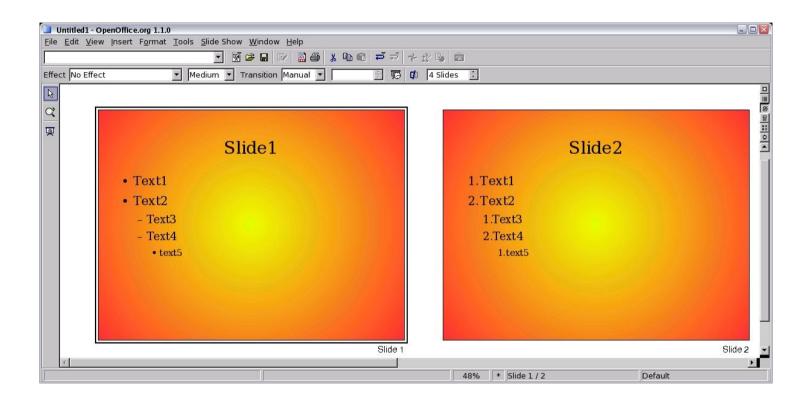


Choose the type and style of background desired.

Click OK.

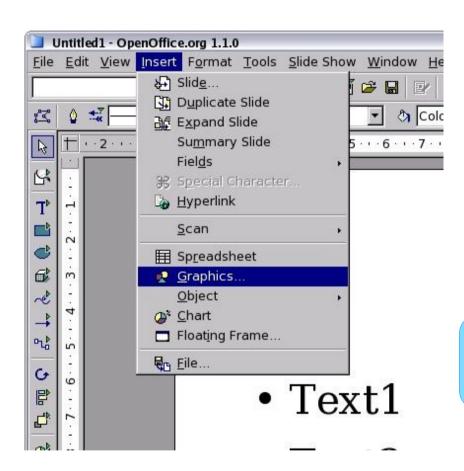
A message box appears asking: "Background settings for all Pages?"
Click Yes if you would like the background appear on all the pages, or No if you would like the background to only appear on the selected slide.

Changing the Slide Background



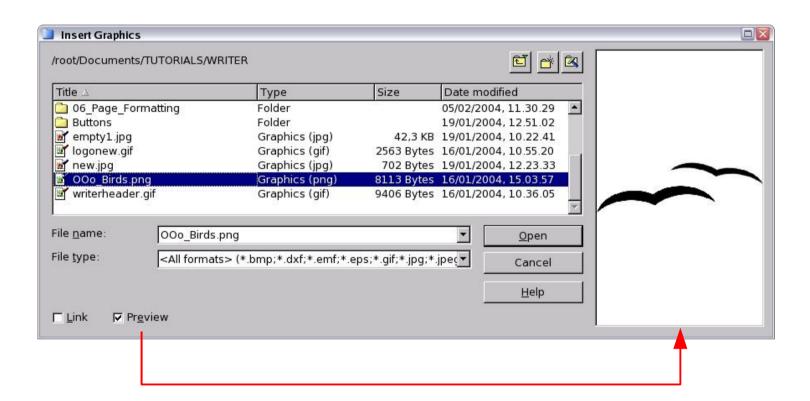
If you choose Yes all slides have the same background.

Importing Graphics



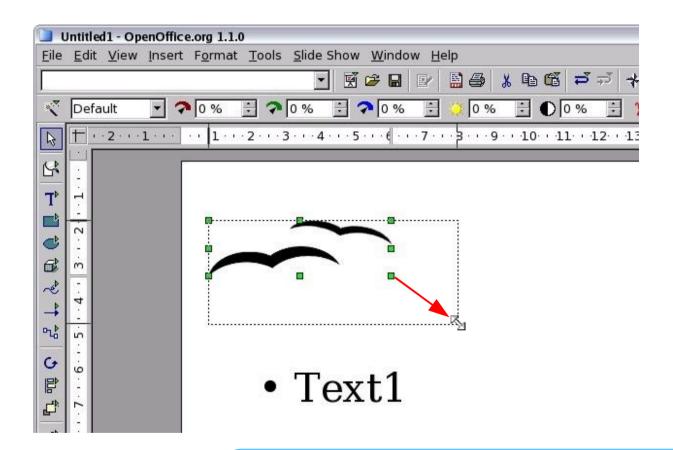
To insert an image select "Graphics..." from the Insert menu.

Editing slidesImporting Graphics



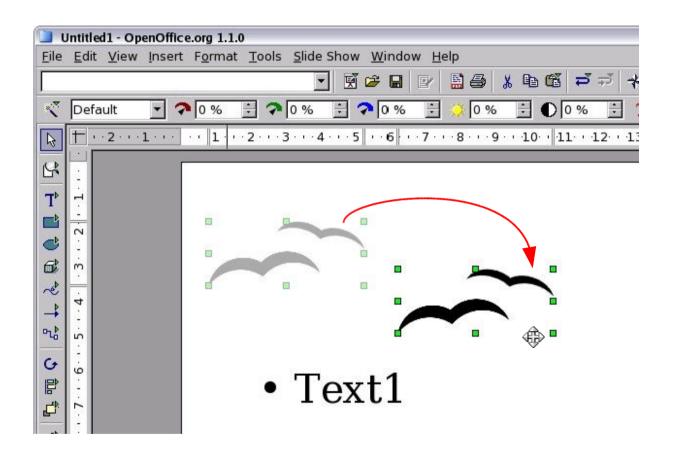
Choose an image to insert in your document and click Open. If the preview checkbox is selected, a preview of the image content is displayed on the right.

Importing Graphics



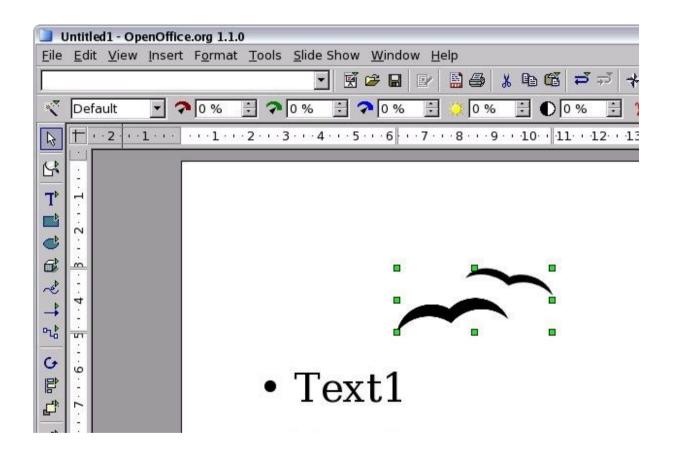
You can resize the image just by dragging one of the eight green points surrounding the picture.

Importing Graphics

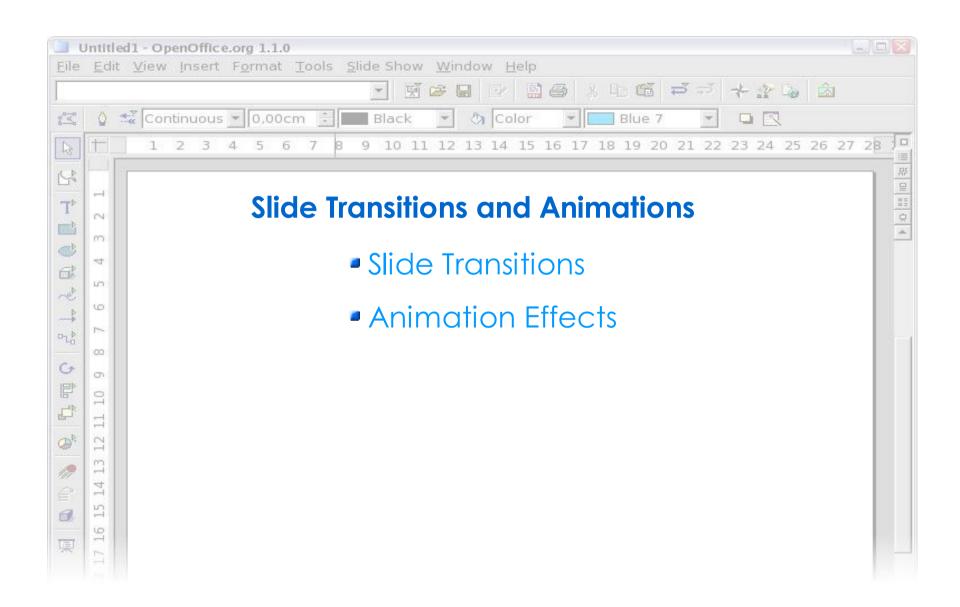


When the move cursor \oplus appears over the image you can move the picture.

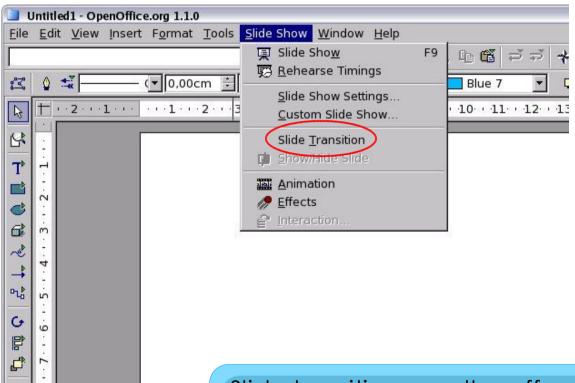
Importing Graphics



To delete an image, click on it and then press **Delete**.

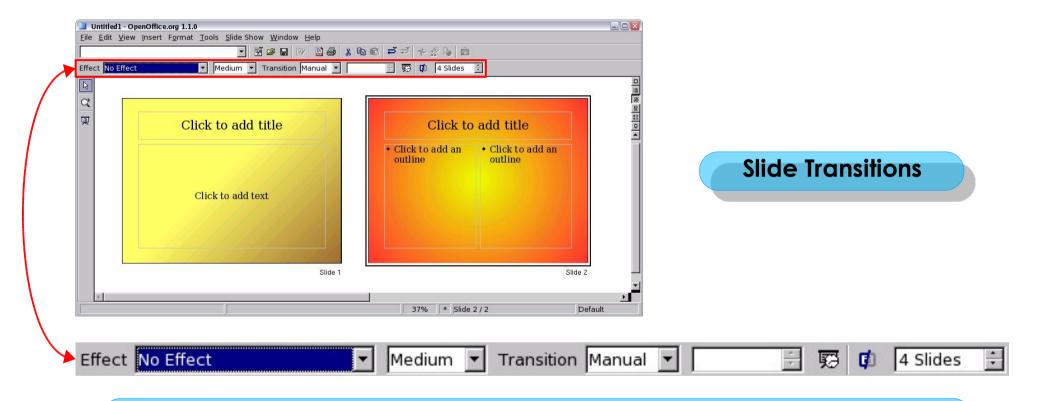


Slide Transitions



Slide transitions are the effects that take place when a slide gives way to the next one in the presentation. You can apply a different transition to all slides in the presentation or apply different transition to any single slide.

Slide Transitions

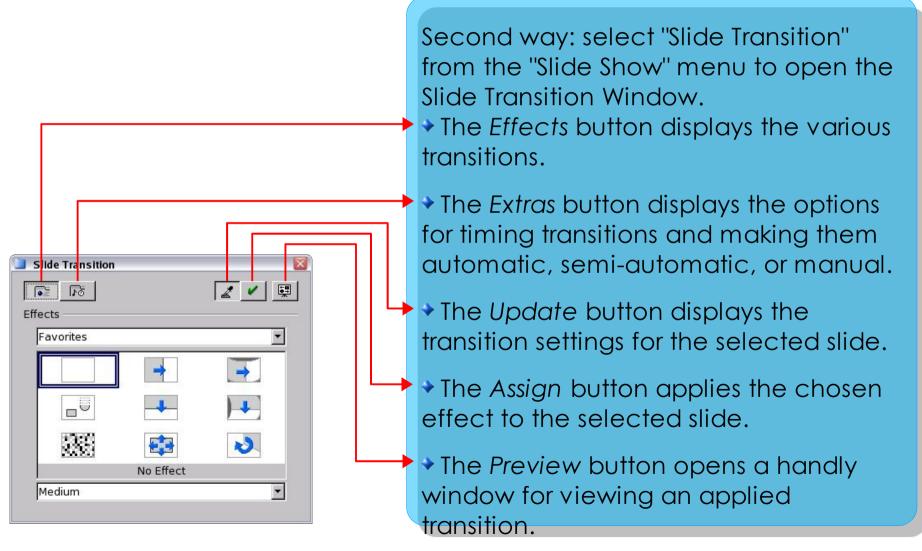


There are two ways to add a transition.

First way: add a transition from the Slide View.

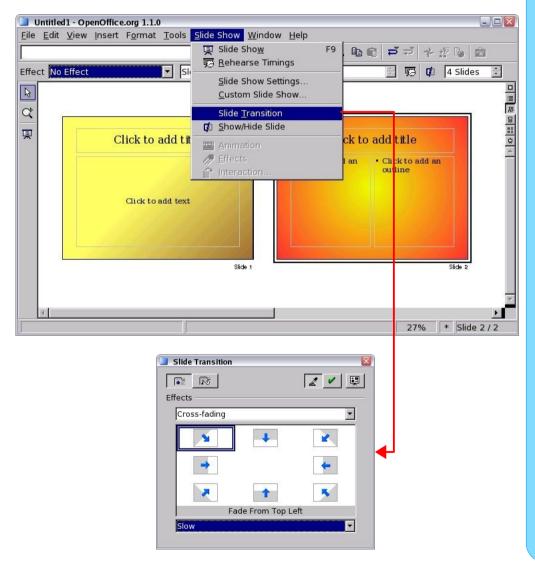
When you switch in this mode, the Object Bar presents many options for choosing and controlling slide effects.

Slide Transitions



OpenOffice.org

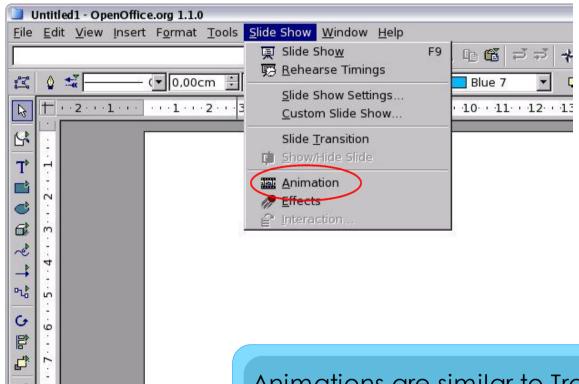
Slide Transitions



Applaying a slide transition effect

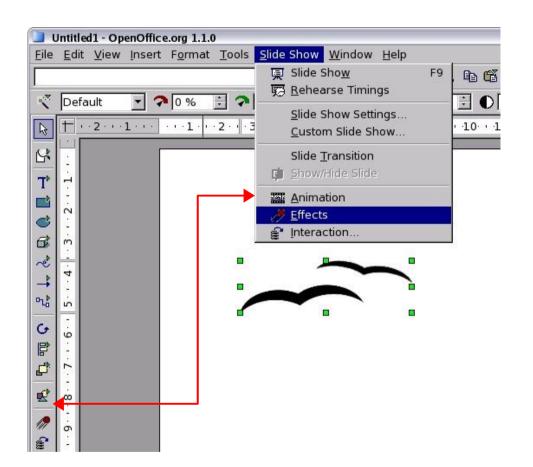
- From Slide View, click on a slide to select it. The transition you apply to this slide will appears when the slides comes into view in the slideshow.
- Choose "Slide Transition" from the "Slide Show" menu.
- Choose an effects category from the pop-up menu above the main Effects window.
- Click on a thumbnail image to select that transition.
- Choose a transition speed from the popup menu above the main Effects window.
- •Click the Assign button.

Animation Effects



Animations are similar to Transition effects, but they are applied to individual elements within a single slide.

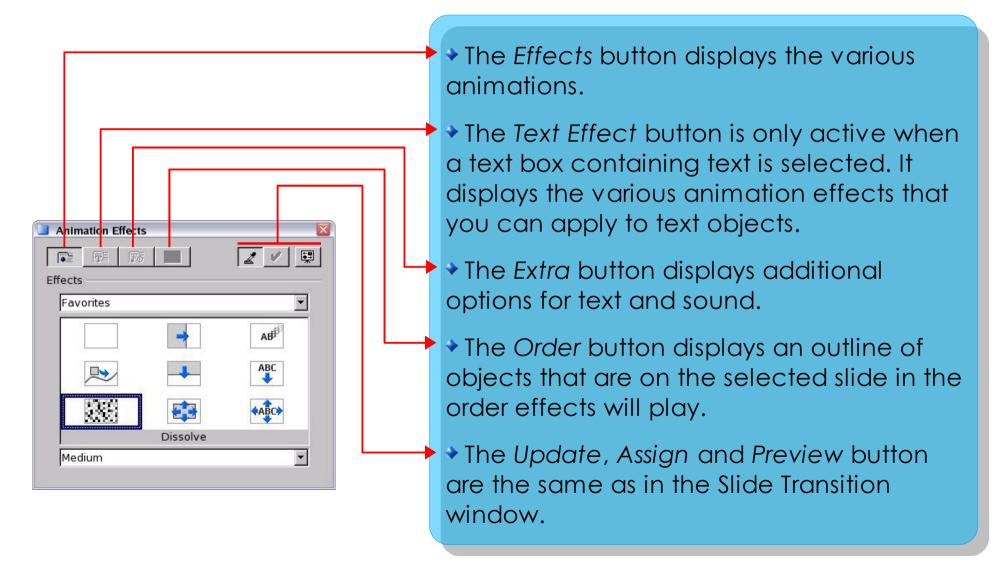
Animation Effects



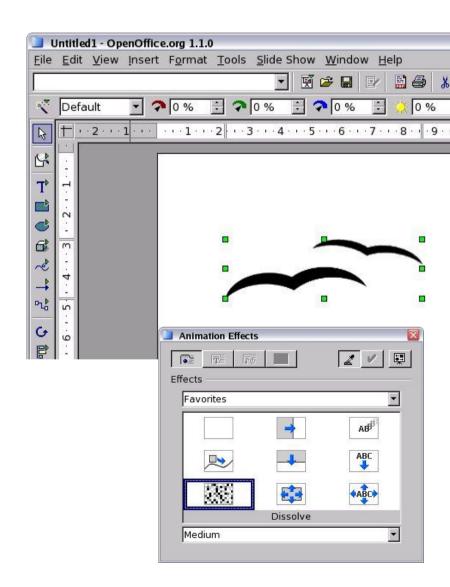
Animation effects must be applied from Drawing View.

Slect the object and then choose "Effects" from the "Slide Show" menu or click the Animation Effects button in the main toolbar.

Animation Effects

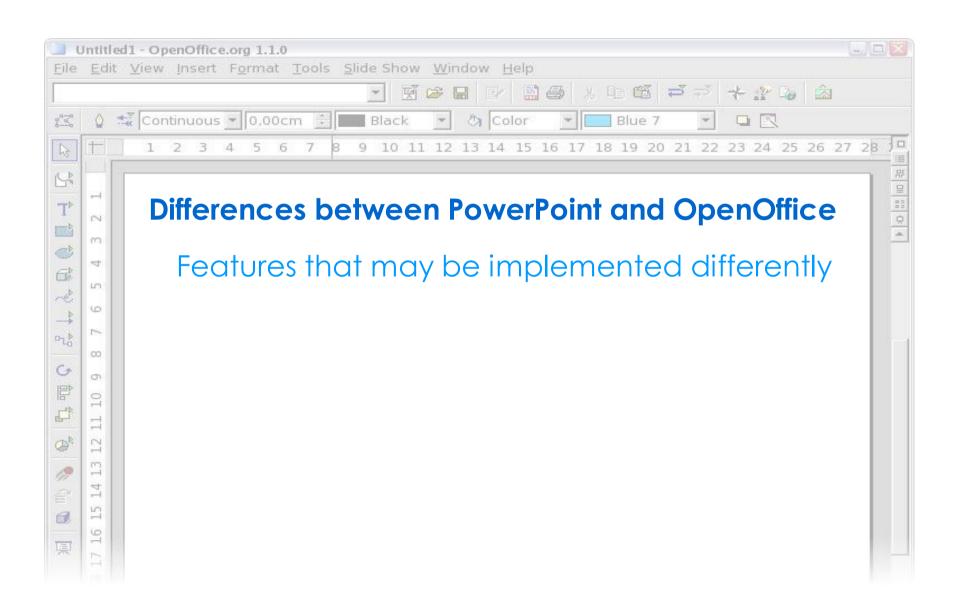


Animation Effects



To apply the animation, select an effect from the Animation Effect window, choose the speed of the animation and then press the Assign button.

The *Preview* button shows you the animation preview in a window.



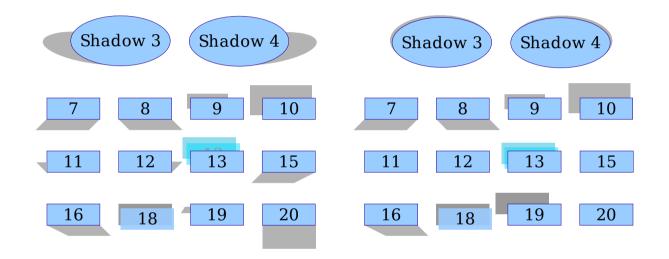
Differences between PowerPoint and OpenOffice

Features that may be implemented differently

- Some object attributes are unavailable in Impress; in particular, special borders or complex gradients.
- Appearance of some transition effects are slightly different.
- OpenOffice does not implement the Random Effects transition type.
- Unsupported transition effects are converted into the Vertical Lines effect.
- Impress does not support voice-over narration, and thus the audio track is lost after import from PowerPoint. However, since it is possible to assign sound effects to presentation, it is possible to re-record the narration as separate audio files, and attach them to the presentation to recreate the same functionality.
- Impress implements a reduced number of graphical object shadow types, and during PowerPoint import the closest shadow type is applyed.

Differences between PowerPoint and OpenOffice

Features that may be implemented differently



Unsupported PowerPoint shadow styles (left) and their corresponding OpenOffice Impress mappings (right).

Differences between PowerPoint and OpenOffice

Features that may be implemented differently

- Impress does not support the same header and footer model of PowerPoint; the same functionality can be recreated using the field add feature anywhere on the slide.
- Dynamic areas (like date and number fields) by default when exported from Impress are translated into static, fixed text. Dynamic areas must be recreated in PowerPoint after the export phase.
- Date formats may translate incorrectly when converted from PowerPoint; and unrecognized styles are converted in the default OpenOffice format.
- Impress does not support the same Color Scheme model used in PowerPoint, instead it uses graphics and presentation styles. When exporting from OpenOffice, these formats are lost and the converted document will not allow the selection of color schemes.
- Impress does not support the mouseover action; documents that use that feature are converted to use mouseclick instead.